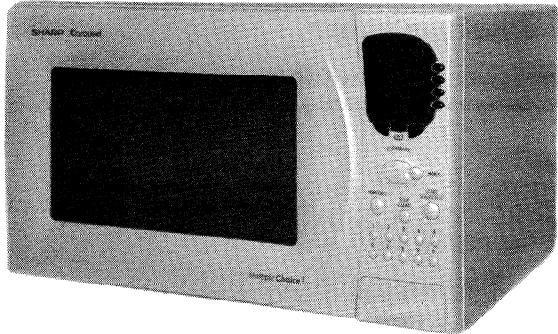




# SERVICE MANUAL

S68M116R590BE

## MICROWAVE OVEN MODELS R-590BK/R-590BW



R-590BW

In the interest of user-safety the oven is to be restored to its original condition and only the parts identical to those specified should be used.

**WARNING TO SERVICE PERSONNEL:** Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current. Contact with the following parts may result in a severe, possibly fatal electrical shock.(High Voltage Capacitor, High Voltage Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness etc..)

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**SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION**

Service Headquarters: Sharp Plaza, Mahwah, New Jersey, 07430-2135

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BEFORE AND DURING SERVICING TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY

- (a) Do not operate or allow the oven to be operated with the door open.
- (b) Make the following safety checks on all ovens to be serviced before activating the magnetron or other microwave source, and make repairs as necessary: (1) Interlock operation, (2) proper door closing, (3) seal and sealing surfaces (arcing, wear, and other damage), (4) damage to or loosening of hinges and latches, (5) evidence of dropping or abuse.
- (c) Before turning on microwave power for any service test or inspection within the microwave generating compartments, check the magnetron, waveguide or transmission line, and cavity for proper alignment, integrity, and connections.
- (d) Any defective or misadjusted components in the interlock, monitor, door seal, and microwave generation and transmission systems shall be repaired, replaced, or adjusted by procedures described in this manual before the oven is released to the owner.
- (e) A microwave leakage check to verify compliance with the Federal Performance Standard should be performed on each oven prior to releasing the oven to the owner.

(RD21101U)

## BEFORE SERVICING

Before servicing an operative unit, perform a microwave emission check as per the Microwave Measurement Procedure outlined in this service manual. If microwave emissions level is in excess of the specified limit, contact SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION immediately @ 1-800-237-4277.

If the unit operates with the door open, service person should 1) tell the user not to operate the oven and 2) contact SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION and DHHS immediately.

Service personnel should inform SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION of any certified unit found with emissions in excess of  $4\text{mW/cm}^2$ . The owner of the unit should be instructed not to use the unit until the oven has been brought into compliance.

(RD81001U)

# SERVICE MANUAL

**SHARP**

## Microwave Ovens

R-590BK/R-590BW

### Foreword

This manual has been prepared to provide Sharp Electronics Corporation personnel with complete operation and service information for Sharp microwave oven models R-590BK/R-590BW.

It is recommended that service personnel carefully study the entire text of this manual so they will be qualified to render satisfactory customer service.

Check interlock switches and the door seal carefully. Special attention must be given to avoid electrical shock and microwave radiation hazards.

### WARNING

Never operate the oven until the following points are ensured:

- (A) The door is tightly closed.
- (B) The door brackets and hinges are not defective.
- (C) The door packing is not damaged.
- (D) The door is not deformed or warped.
- (E) There are no other visible signs of damage to the oven.

### DANGER

Certain initial parts are intentionally not grounded and present a risk of electrical shock only during servicing. Service personnel - Do not contact the following parts while the appliance is energized; High Voltage Capacitor, Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly and High voltage Harness.

If provided, Vent Hood, Fan Assembly and Cooling Fan motor.

All of the parts marked “\*\*” on parts list are used at voltages more than 250V.

Removal of the outer case cabinet gives access to voltage above 250V.

All of the parts marked “Δ” on parts list may cause undue microwave exposure, by themselves, or when they are damaged, loosened or removed.

**Specifications**

**General Information**

**Key Unit Layout**

**Operation**

**Troubleshooting /  
Test Procedures**

**Touch Control Panel**

**Component Replacement  
and Adjustment**

**Microwave Measurement**

**Wiring / Schematic Diagram**

**Parts**

**Sharp Electronics Corporation**  
**Sharp Plaza**  
**Mahwah, New Jersey 07430-2135**

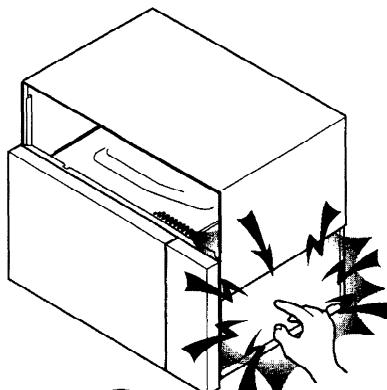
## WARNING TO SERVICE PERSONNEL

Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current. Contact with following parts may result in a severe, possibly fatal, electrical shock.

(EXAMPLE)

High Voltage Capacitor, High Voltage Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness etc..

Read the Service Manual carefully and follow all instructions.



**Don't Touch !**  
**Danger High Voltage**

### Before Servicing

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.

**WARNING: RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK. DISCHARGE THE HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR BEFORE SERVICING.**

The high-voltage capacitor remains charged about 60 seconds after the oven has been switched off. Wait for 60 seconds and then short-circuit the connection of the high voltage capacitor (that is the connecting lead of the high voltage rectifier) against the chassis with the use of an insulated screwdriver.

Whenever troubleshooting is performed, the power supply must be disconnected. In some cases it may be necessary to connect the power supply after the outer case has been removed, in this event:

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
5. Ensure that the leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
6. After the above procedure, reconnect the power supply cord.

### When the testing is completed

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. Reconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
5. Re-install the outer case cabinet.
6. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case cabinet is installed.
7. Start the oven and check all functions.

### After repairing

1. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
2. Re-install the outer case (cabinet).
3. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
4. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
5. Run the oven and check all functions.

Microwave ovens should not be operated empty. To test for the presence of microwave energy within a cavity, place a cup of cold water on the oven turntable, close the door and set the power to HIGH and set the microwave timer for two (2) minutes. When the two minutes has elapsed (timer at zero), carefully check to see if the water is hot. If the water remains cold, carry out **Before Servicing** procedure and re-examine the connection to the component being tested.

When all service work is completed and the oven is fully assembled, the microwave power output should be checked and the microwave leakage test should be carried out.

# SPECIFICATIONS

| Item                         | Description  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Power Requirements           | 120 Volts<br>14.0 Amperes<br>1650 Watts<br>60 Hertz<br>Single phase, 3 wire grounded   |
| Power Output                 | 1100 watts (IEC-705 Test Procedure)<br>Operating frequency of 2450 MHz   |
| Case Dimensions              | Width 23.94"<br>Height 13.27" (including feet)<br>Depth 19"  |
| Cooking Cavity<br>1.8 Cu.Ft. | Width 17"<br>Height 9.96"<br>Depth 17.8"<br>Tray Size 16" Diameter   |
| Control Complement           | Touch Control System<br>Clock (1:00 - 12:59)<br>Timer (0 - 99 min. 99 sec.)<br>Microwave Power for variable cooking<br>Repetition Rate;<br>P-HI (HIGH) ..... Full power throughout the cooking time<br>P-90 ..... approx. 90% of full power<br>P-80 ..... approx. 80% of full power<br>P-70 (MED HIGH) ..... approx. 70% of full power<br>P-60 ..... approx. 60% of full power<br>P-50 (MED) ..... approx. 50% of full power<br>P-40 ..... approx. 40% of full power<br>P-30 (MED LOW) ..... approx. 30% of full power<br>P-20 ..... approx. 20% of full power<br>P-10 ..... approx. 10% of full power<br>P-0 ..... No power throughout the cooking time<br><br><b>FEATURES</b><br>Selection button<br>Page turn buttons<br>BOOK MARK button<br>INDEX button<br>POPCORN button<br>START/MINUTE button<br>Number button |
| Oven Cavity Light            | Yes  |
| Safety Standard              | UL Listed<br>FCC Authorized<br>DHHS Rules, CFR, Title 21, Chapter 1, Subchapter J  |

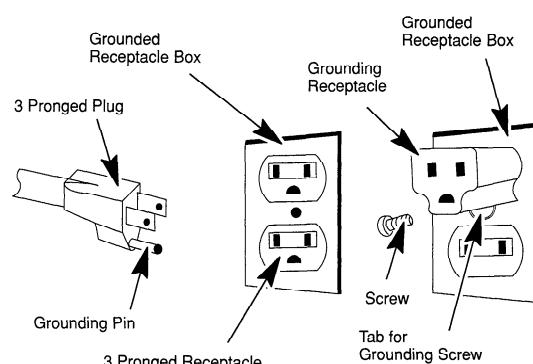
## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Grounding Instructions

This oven must be fully grounded at all times. This appliance must be connected to a 120 volt, 60 Hz, AC only, 15 Ampere or more fused electrical supply. It is recommended that a separate circuit serving only this appliance be provided. When installing this appliance, observe all applicable codes and ordinances.

**WARNING: Improper use of the grounding plug can result in a risk of electric shock.**

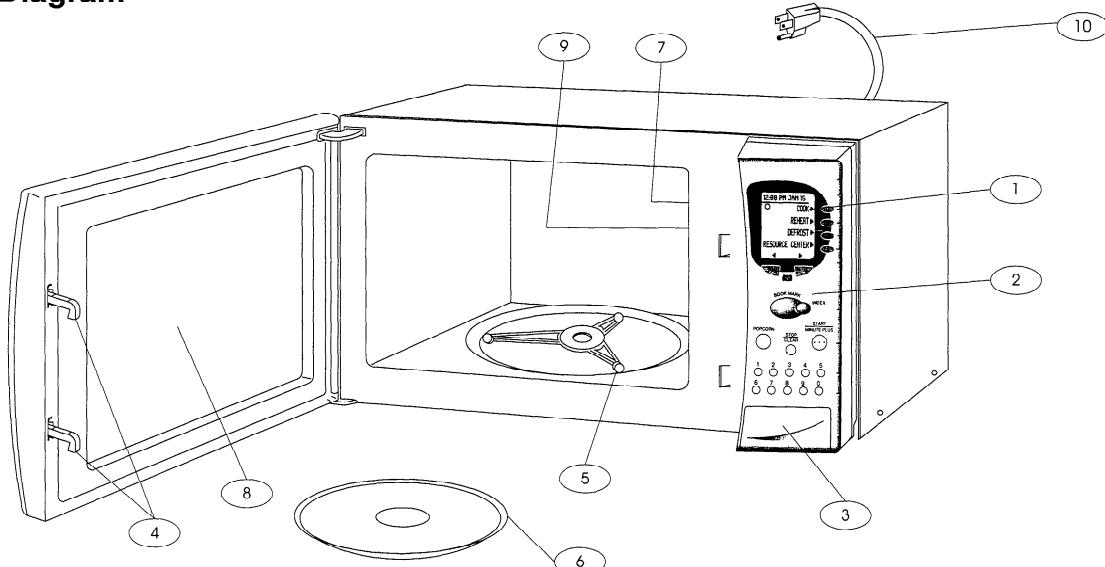
Where a two-pronged wall-receptacle is encountered, it is the personal responsibility and obligation of the customer to contact a qualified electrician and have it replaced with a properly polarized and grounded three-pronged wall receptacle or use a grounding adaptor. If an extension cord must be used, it should be a 3-wire, 15 ampere minimum cord.



### CAUTION !

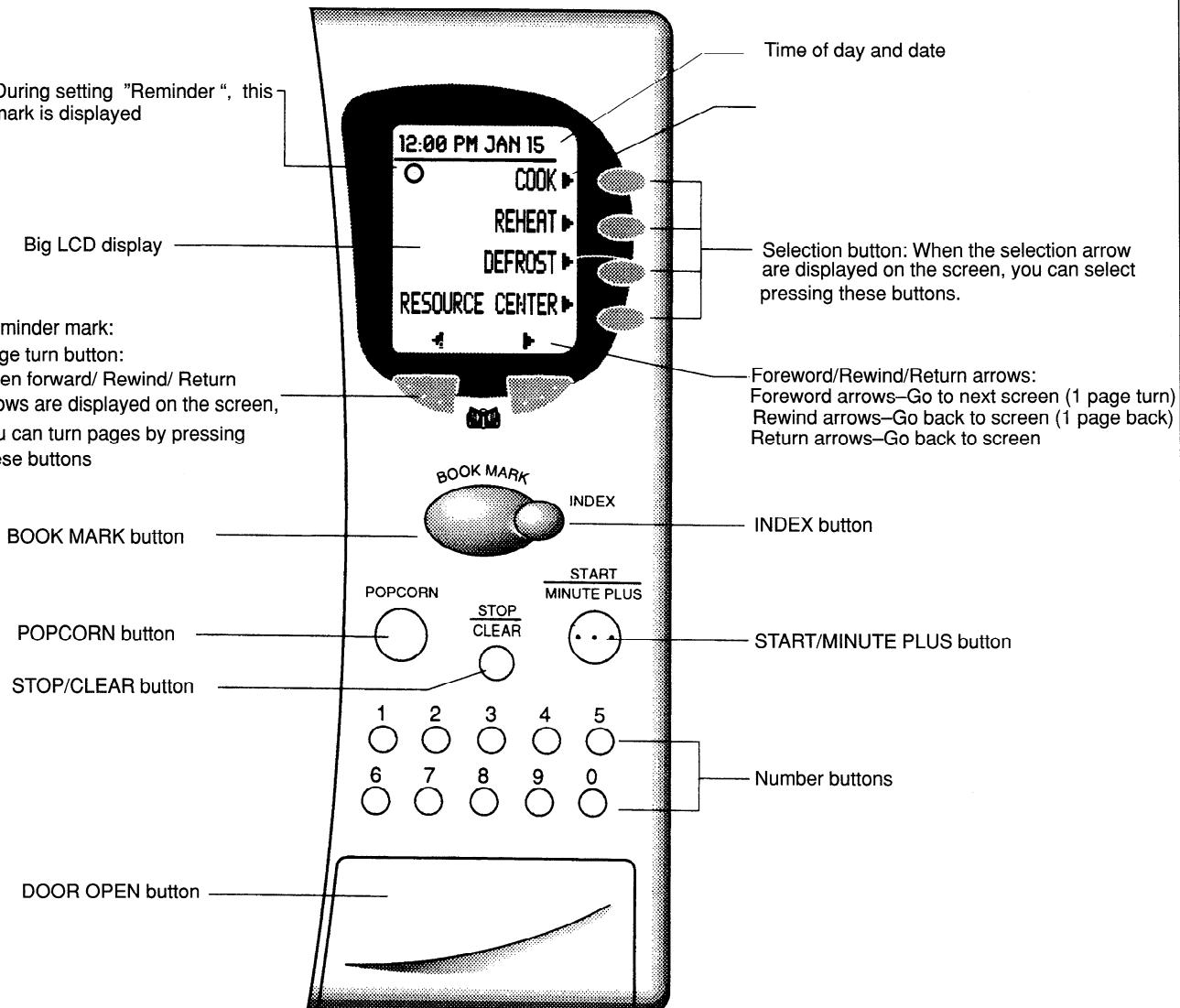
Do not under any circumstances cut or remove the round grounding prong from this plug.

### Oven Diagram



1. Digital display
2. Auto-Touch control panel
3. Door open button
4. Door latches
5. Removable turntable support
6. Removable turntable
7. Oven lamp
8. Oven door with see through window
9. Waveguide cover
10. Power Cord

## Touch Control Panel



## OPERATION

### Description of Operating Sequence

The following is a description of component functions during oven operation:

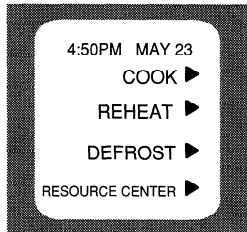
#### Off Condition

Closing the door activates the door sensing switch and secondary interlock switch. In this condition, the monitor switch contacts are opened. When the oven is plugged in, 120 volts AC is supplied to the control unit (see schematic diagram).

1. The display will show "VIEW VIDEO DEMO" and "SET THE CLOCK".  
(For details, see table below.)
2. Select "SET THE CLOCK" referring to the operation manual.  
(For details, see table below.)

**NOTE:** If any buttons are not touched for 30 seconds, the display will go on to the Video Demo mode. To cancel the video Demo mode, touch the STOP / CLEAR button and then set the clock.

3. The display will show the home page after setting the clock.  
(For details, see table below.)
4. The following is the example of the home page. in this example the time of the day is set to 4:50 p.m. on May 23rd.



**NOTE:** Even if the clock is not set, the display will show home page by touching the STOP / CLEAR button within 30 seconds after unit is plugged in.

#### Cooking Condition

Program desired cooking time and Variable Cooking Control by touching the NUMBER pads and the Power Level pad of the Variable Cooking Control. When START is touched, the following operations occur:

1. The relay contacts are closed and components connected to the relays (RY-1 and RY-2) are turned on.  
(For details, see table below.)

| Relay | Components                          |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| RY-1  | Oven Lamp/Turntable Motor/Fan Motor |
| RY-2  | Power Transformer                   |

2. 120 volts AC is supplied to the primary winding of the power transformer and is converted to approximately 3.4 volts AC on the filament winding and approximately 2400 volts AC on the high voltage winding.
3. The filament winding voltage heats the magnetron filament and the high voltage is sent to a voltage doubler circuit.
4. The microwave energy produced by the magnetron is channeled through the waveguide into the cavity

feed-box and into the cavity where the food is cooked.

5. Upon completion of the cooking cycle, the power transformer, oven lamp and cooling fan are turned off and the generation of microwave energy is terminated.
6. When the door is opened during a cook cycle, the monitor switch, door sensing switch, secondary interlock switch and primary interlock relay are activated with the following results. The turntable motor, cooling fan motor and the high voltage components are de-energized. The oven lamp remains on and the digital readout displays the time still remaining in the cook cycle when the door was opened.
7. The monitor switch is electrically monitoring the operation of the secondary interlock switch and primary interlock relay and is mechanically associated with the door so that it functions as follows:
  - (a) When the door opens from a closed position, the secondary interlock switch and primary interlock relay open their contacts, then the monitor switch contacts close.
  - (b) When the door is closed from the open position, the monitor switch contacts first open and the contacts of the secondary interlock switch close.

If the secondary interlock switch and the primary interlock relay contacts are closed when the door is opened, the monitor switch contacts form a short circuit through the monitor fuse, secondary interlock switch and primary interlock relay causing the monitor fuse to blow.

#### Power Level P-0 to P-90 Cooking

When Variable Cooking Power is programmed, 120 volts AC is supplied to the power transformer intermittently through the contacts of relay RY-2 which is operated by the control unit within a 32 second time base. Microwave power operation is as follows:

| Vari-Mode           | On Time | Off Time |
|---------------------|---------|----------|
| (100% power)        | 32 sec. | 0 sec.   |
| (approx. 90% power) | 30 sec. | 2 sec.   |
| (approx. 80% power) | 26 sec. | 6 sec.   |
| (approx. 70% power) | 24 sec. | 8 sec.   |
| (approx. 60% power) | 22 sec. | 10 sec.  |
| (approx. 50% power) | 18 sec. | 14 sec.  |
| (approx. 40% power) | 16 sec. | 16 sec.  |
| (approx. 30% power) | 12 sec. | 20 sec.  |
| (approx. 20% power) | 8 sec.  | 24 sec.  |
| (approx. 10% power) | 6 sec.  | 26 sec.  |
| (approx. 0% power)  | 0 sec.  | 32 sec.  |

The ON/OFF time ratio does not correspond with the percentage of microwave power, because approximately 2 seconds are needed for heating the magnetron filament.

# OPERATION

## DESCRIPTION OF OPERATING SEQUENCE

The following is a description of component functions during oven operation.

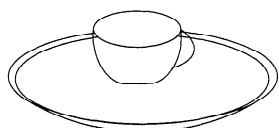
### Sensor Cooking Condition

When using the Sensor Cooking function (Sensor Cooking), the foods are cooked without figuring time, power level or quantity. When the oven senses enough steam from the food, it relays the information to its microprocessor which will calculate the remaining cooking time and the power level needed for best results.

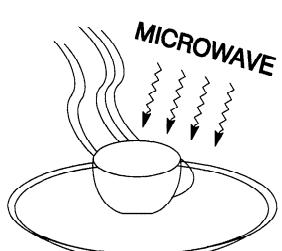
When the food is cooked, water vapor is developed. The sensor "senses" the vapor and its resistance increases gradually. When the resistance reaches the value set according to the menu, supplementary cooking is started.

The time of supplementary cooking is determined by experiment with each food category and is inputted into the LSI.

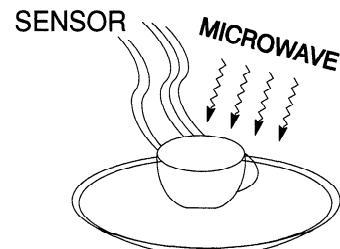
The following is an example of how the AH Sensor Works:



1. Soup at room temperature  
Vapor is emitted very slowly.



2. Heated Soup. Moisture and humidity is emitted rapidly. You can smell the aroma as it cooks.



3. Sensor detects moisture and humidity and calculates cooking time and variable power level.

### Cooking Sequence

1. Touch REHEAT .

**Note:** The oven should not be operated in either mode immediately after plugging in the unit. Wait five minutes before cooking in sensor mode.

2. The coil to the shut off relay (RY-1) is energized, the oven lamp, turntable motor and cooling fan motor are turned on and the power transformer remains off.
3. After about 16 seconds, the cook relay (RY-2) is energized. The power transformer is turned on, microwave energy is produced and first stage cooking is started.

**Note:** The 16 second delay is for cooling time required to remove any vapor from the oven cavity and sensor. During this first stage, do not open the oven door or touch the STOP/CLEAR pad.

4. When the sensor detects the vapor emitted from the food, the display switches over the remaining cooking time and the timer counts down to zero. At this time, the door may be opened to stir food, turn it or season, etc.
5. When the timer reaches zero, an audible signal sounds. The shut-off relay and cook relay are de-energized and the power transformer, oven lamp, etc. are turned off.
6. By opening the door or touching the STOP/CLEAR pad, the time of day will re-appear on the display and the oven will revert to an OFF condition.

## DESCRIPTION AND FUNCTION OF COMPONENTS

### Cooling Fan Motor

The cooling fan motor drives a blade which draws external cool air. This cool air is directed through the air vanes surrounding the magnetron to cool the magnetron. This air is channeled through the oven cavity to remove steam and vapors given off from the heating foods. It is then exhausted through exhaust vents in the oven cavity.

### Oven Temperature Fuse

The oven temperature fuse located on the top of the oven cavity is designed to prevent damage to the unit if the foods in the oven catch fire due to over heating produced by improper setting of cook time or failure of control unit.

Under normal operation, the oven temperature fuse remains closed. However, when abnormally high temperatures are reached within the oven cavity, the fuse will open at 144°C, causing the oven to shut down.

**Note:** This is a fuse and it does not reset.

### Magnetron Temperature Fuse

The magnetron temperature fuse located on top of the magnetron duct is designed to prevent damage to the magnetron if an over heated condition develops in the tube due to cooling fan failure, obstructed air ducts, dirty or blocked air intake, etc.

Under normal operation, the magnetron temperature fuse remains closed. However, when abnormally high temperatures are reached within the magnetron the fuse will open at 144°C, causing the oven to shut down.

**Note:** This is a fuse and it does not reset.

### Door Open Mechanism

The door is opened by pushing the open button on the control panel.

When the open button is pushed, the open button pushes up the switch lever, and then the switch lever pushes up the latch heads.

The latch heads are moved upward and released from the latch hook. Now the door will open.

### Door Sensing / Secondary Interlock Switches

The secondary interlock switch is mounted in the lower position of the latch hook and the door sensing switch in the primary interlock system is mounted in the upper position of the latch hook. They are activated by the latch heads on the door. When the door is opened, the switches interrupt the circuit to all components, except the oven lamp. A cook cycle cannot take place until the door is firmly closed thereby activating both interlock switches. The primary interlock system consists of the door sensing switch and the primary interlock relay located on the control panel circuit board.

### Monitor Switch

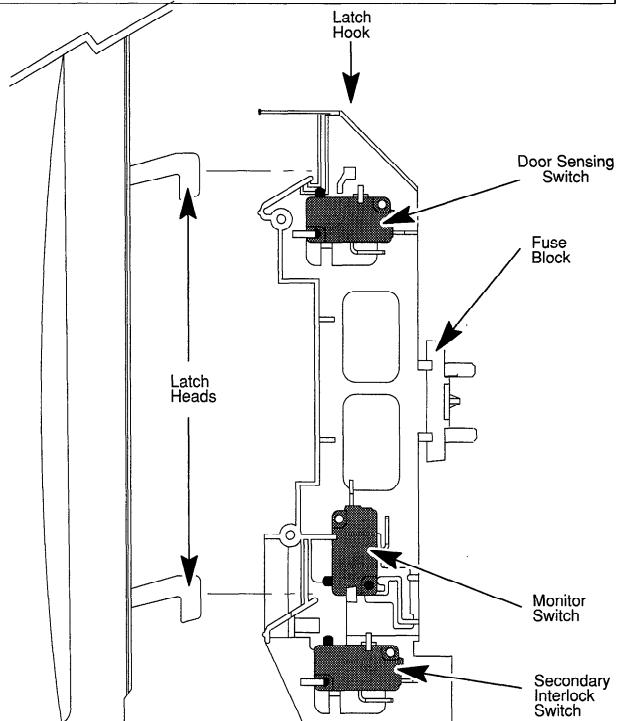
The monitor switch is activated (the contacts opened) by the latch head on the door while the door is closed. The switch is intended to render the oven inoperative by means of blowing the monitor fuse when the contacts of the primary interlock relay and secondary interlock switch fail to open when the door is opened.

### Monitor Switch Functions

1. When the door is opened, the monitor switch contacts close (to the ON condition) due to their being normally closed. At this time the primary interlock relay and secondary interlock switch are in the OFF condition (contacts open) due to their being normally open contacts.
2. When the door is closed, the monitor switch contacts are first opened and then the door sensing switch and the secondary interlock switch contacts close.
3. If the door is opened and the primary interlock relay and secondary interlock switch contacts fail to open, the monitor fuse blows simultaneously with closing of the monitor switch contacts.

**CAUTION !**

Before replacing a blown monitor fuse, test the primary interlock relay, door sensing switch, monitor switch and secondary interlock switch for proper operation. (Refer to section "Test Procedures".)



**NOTE:** MONITOR FUSE AND MONITOR SWITCH ARE REPLACED AS AN ASSEMBLY.

## SERVICING

When troubleshooting the microwave oven, it is helpful to follow the sequence of operation in performing the checks. Many of the possible causes of trouble will require that a specific test be performed. These tests are given a procedure letter which will be found in the "Test Procedure" section.

### IMPORTANT !

Before replacing a blown monitor fuse, test the door sensing switch, primary interlock relay, secondary interlock switch and monitor switch for proper operation. (Refer to "Test Procedure" section.)

### IMPORTANT !

Whenever troubleshooting is performed, the power supply must be disconnected. In some cases it may be necessary to connect the power supply after the outer case cabinet has been removed. In this event,

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
5. Ensure that the leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulated tape.
6. After the above procedure install the outer case cabinet and reconnect the power supply cord.

#### When the testing is completed

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. Reconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
5. Re-install the outer case (cabinet).
6. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
7. Run the oven and check all functions.

### Troubleshooting Guide

| Off Condition  |  |                  |
|--|--|------------------|
| Problem  | Possible Cause                                 | Test Procedure   |
| Home fuse blows when power cord is plugged into the wall receptacle. | Shorted power cord or wire harness             | Check or replace |
| Monitor fuse blows when power is applied.                            | Shorted power cord or wire harness             | Check or replace |
|  | Secondary interlock or monitor switch          | Procedure E      |
| Display does not illuminate when power cord is plugged in.           | Shorted or open wiring                         | Check or replace |
|  | Monitor switch or monitor fuse                 | Procedure E      |
|  | Oven temperature fuse                          | Procedure F      |
|  | Control unit                                   | Procedure G      |
| Display does not operate properly when STOP/CLEAR button is touched. | Primary interlock relay or door sensing switch | Procedure E      |
|  | Control unit                                   | Procedure G      |
|  | Key unit unit                                  | Procedure K      |
| Oven lamp does not light with door opened.                           | Shorted or open wiring                         | Check or replace |
|  | Monitor fuse                                   | Procedure E      |
|  | Oven temperature fuse                          | Procedure F      |
|  | Oven lamp or socket                            | Check or replace |
|  | Control unit                                   | Procedure G      |
|  | Relay (RY1)                                    | Procedure H      |

## Troubleshooting Guide

| <b>Cook Condition</b>   |                                    |                       |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Problem</b>  | <b>Possible Cause</b>              | <b>Test Procedure</b> |
| Oven lamp does not light at all.  | Shorted or open wiring             | Check or replace      |
|   | Oven lamp or socket                | Check or replace      |
|   | Control unit                       | Procedure G           |
| Oven lamp lights, but fan motor and turntable motor do not operate.   | Shorted or open wiring             | Check or replace      |
|   | Cooling fan motor                  | Check or replace      |
|   | Turntable motor                    | Check or replace      |
| Oven does not go into cook cycle when START button is touched.  | Shorted or open wiring             | Check or replace      |
|   | Primary interlock system           | Procedure E           |
|   | Monitor fuse                       | Procedure E           |
|   | Magnetron or oven temperature fuse | Procedure F           |
|   | Relay (RY1)                        | Procedure H           |
| Oven seems to be operating but little or no heat is produced in oven load. (incompletely cooked or not cooked at all at the end of cook cycle.)   | Shorted or open wiring             | Check or replace      |
|   | Magnetron                          | Procedure A           |
|   | Power transformer                  | Procedure B           |
|   | Rectifier assembly                 | Procedure C           |
|   | H.V. capacitor                     | Procedure D           |
|   | Primary interlock system           | Procedure E           |
| Oven goes into a cook cycle but extremely uneven heating is produced in oven load (food).   | Shorted or open wiring             | Check or replace      |
|   | Turntable motor                    | Check or replace      |
|   | Low voltage                        | Check                 |
|   | Dirty oven cavity                  | Check                 |
|   | Wrong operation                    | Check                 |
| Oven does not cook properly when programmed for Cooking Power P-50 (MED.) mode. (Operates properly on Cooking Power P-HI (HIGH) mode.)  | Shorted or open wiring             | Check or replace      |
|   | Control unit                       | Procedure G           |
| Oven goes into COMPU DEFROST but food is not defrosted well   | Magnetron                          | Procedure A           |
|   | Wrong operation                    | Check                 |
|   | Low voltage                        | Check                 |
|   | Dirty oven check                   | Check                 |
|   | Compu Defrost                      | Procedure J           |
| The oven is in the sensor cooking condition but AH sensor does not end or AH sensor turns off about a maximum of 30 minutes after start. When a cup of water is heated by sensor, the oven does not shut off when the water is boiling. | Control Unit                       | Procedure G           |
|   | AH Sensor                          | Procedure L           |

# TEST PROCEDURES

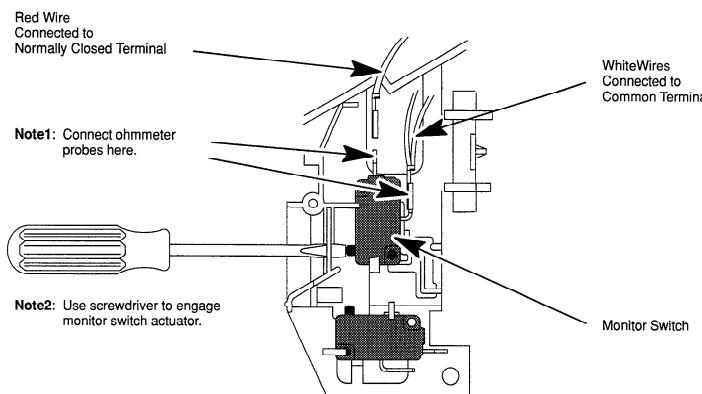
| Procedure Letter | Component Test   |
|------------------|--|
| <b>A.</b>        | <p><b>Magnetron Assembly Test</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outercase cabinet.</li> <li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li> <li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li> <li>4. To test for an open filament, isolate the magnetron from the high voltage circuit. A continuity check across the magnetron filament leads should indicate less than <math>1\Omega</math>.</li> <li>5. To test for a shorted magnetron, connect the ohmmeter leads between the magnetron filament leads and chassis ground. This test should indicate an infinite resistance. If there is little or no resistance, the magnetron is grounded (shorted) and must be replaced.</li> <li>6. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li> <li>7. Re-install the outercase cabinet.</li> <li>8. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li> <li>9. Run the oven and check all functions.</li> </ol> <p><b>MICROWAVE OUTPUT POWER</b></p> <p>The following test procedure should be carried out with the microwave oven in a fully assembled condition (outer case fitted).</p> <p><b>HIGH VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT DURING THE COOK CYCLE, SO EXTREME CAUTION SHOULD BE OBSERVED</b></p> <p>Power output of the magnetron can be measured by performing a water temperature rise test. This test should only be used if above tests do not indicate a faulty magnetron and there is no defect in the following components or wiring: high voltage rectifier, high voltage capacitor and power transformer. This test will require a 16 oz. (453cc) measuring cup and an accurate mercury thermometer or thermocouple type temperature tester. For accurate results, the following procedure must be followed:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fill the measuring cup with 16 oz. (453cc) of tap water and measure the temperature of the water with a thermometer or thermocouple temperature tester. Stir the thermometer or thermocouple through the water until the temperature stabilizes. Record the temperature of the water.</li> <li>2. Place the cup of water in the oven. Operate oven on HIGH selecting 62 seconds cook time. Allow the water to heat.</li> <li>3. Remove the cup from the oven and again measure the temperature, making sure to stir the thermometer or thermocouple through the water until the maximum temperature is recorded.</li> <li>4. Subtract the cold water temperature from the hot water temperature. The normal result should be <math>38^\circ</math> to <math>78^\circ</math>F (<math>21^\circ</math> to <math>42.6^\circ</math>C) rise in temperature. If the water temperatures are accurately measured and are tested for the required time period the test results will indicate if the magnetron tube has low power output (low rise in water temperature) which would extend cooking time or high power output (high rise in water temperature) which would reduce cook time. Because cooking time can be adjusted to compensate for power output, the magnetron tube assembly should be replaced only if the water temperature rise test indicates a power output well beyond the normal limits. The test is only accurate if the power supply line voltage is 120 volts and the oven cavity is clean.</li> </ol> <p><b>B.</b></p> <p><b>Power Transformer</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li> <li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li> <li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li> <li>4. Disconnect the primary input terminals and measure the resistance of the transformer with an ohmmeter. Check for continuity of the coils with an ohmmeter. On the R X 1 scale, the resistance of the primary coil should be less than <math>1\Omega</math> and the resistance of the high voltage coil should be approximately <math>100\Omega</math>; the resistance of the filament coil should be less than <math>1\Omega</math>.</li> <li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li> <li>6. Re-install the outercase cabinet.</li> <li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li> <li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li> </ol> <p><b>Note:</b> High voltages are present at the high voltage terminal, so do not attempt to measure the filament and high voltage.</p> |

## TEST PROCEDURES

| Procedure Letter | Component Test   |
|------------------|--|
| <b>C.</b>        | <b>High Voltage Rectifier Test</b><br><ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. Isolate the rectifier from the circuit. Using the highest ohm scale of the meter, read the resistance across the terminals and observe, reverse the leads to the rectifier terminals and observe meter reading. If a short is indicated in both directions, or if an infinite resistance is read in both directions, the rectifier is probably defective and should be replaced.</li><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outer case cabinet.</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol> <p><b>Note:</b> Be sure to use an Ohm-Meter that will supply a forward bias voltage of more than 6.30 Volts.</p>   |
| <b>D.</b>        | <b>High Voltage Capacitor Test</b><br><p><b>(Discharge the high voltage capacitor before touching any oven components or wiring.)</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outercase.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. If the capacitor is open, no high voltage will be available to the magnetron. Disconnect input leads and check for short or open between the terminal using an ohmmeter. Checking with a high ohm scale, if the high voltage capacitor is normal, the meter will indicate continuity initially and once the capacitor is charged an open circuit. If the above is not the case, check the capacitor with an ohmmeter to see if it is shorted between each terminal and case. If it is shorted, replace the capacitor.</li><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outercase (cabinet).</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol> |
| <b>E.</b>        | <b>Secondary Interlock Switch Test</b><br><ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outercase.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. Isolate the switch and connect the ohmmeter to the common (COM) and normally open (NO) terminal of the switch. The meter should indicate an open circuit with the door open and a closed circuit with the door closed. If improper operation is indicated, replace the secondary interlock switch.</li><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outercase (cabinet).</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol>  |
|                  | <b>Primary Interlock System Test</b><br><b>Door Sensing Switch</b><br><ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outercase.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. Isolate the switch and connect the ohmmeter to the common (COM) and normally open (NO) terminal of the switch. The meter should indicate an open circuit with the door open and a closed circuit with the door closed. If improper operation is indicated, replace the door sensing switch.</li><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outercase (cabinet).</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol>   |

## TEST PROCEDURES

| Procedure Letter    | Component Test   |
|---------------------|--|
| E. <i>Continued</i> | <p><b>Primary Interlock Relay (RY-2)</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li> <li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li> <li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li> <li>4. Disconnect two (2) wire leads from the relay on the printed circuit board in the control panel assembly. The relay is located on the bottom portion of the circuit board on the backside of the control panel assembly. Connect an ohmmeter to the male terminals and observe the meter reading. The relay contacts should be open. If the relay contacts are closed, replace the primary interlock relay or the circuit board.</li> <li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li> <li>6. Re-install the outer case cabinet.</li> <li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li> <li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li> </ol> <p><b>Monitor Switch Test</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li> <li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li> <li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li> <li>4. Disconnect the oven from the power supply.</li> </ol> <p>Before performing this test, make sure that the secondary interlock switch and primary interlock relay are operating properly referring to the above Switch Test Procedure.</p> <p>Disconnect the wire lead from the monitor switch (NC) terminal.</p> <p>Check the monitor switch operation by using the ohmmeter as follows:</p> <p>When the door is open, the meter should indicate a closed circuit.</p> <p>With the door open, take a screw driver and push in the monitor switch actuator located through the lower latch hole on the faceplate of the cavity. The meter should indicate a open circuit.</p> <p>If improper operation is indicated, the monitor switch may be defective and should be replaced.</p> <p>After testing the monitor switch, re-connect the wire lead to the monitor switch (NC) terminal and check continuity of the monitor circuit.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li> <li>6. Re-install the outer case cabinet.</li> <li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li> <li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li> </ol> |



## TEST PROCEDURES

| Procedure Letter | Component Test  |                  |  |
|------------------|---|------------------|--|
| <b>E.</b>        | <i>Continued</i>  |                  |  |
|                  | <b>Open Monitor Fuse</b>  |                  |  |
|                  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. If the monitor fuse is open, perform the tests for the primary interlock system, secondary interlock switch and the monitor switch according to the procedure outlined in this section. Adjust or replace the secondary interlock and door sensing switches.</li></ol>   |                  |  |
|                  | <table border="1"><tr><td><b>CAUTION !</b></td><td>When replacing a monitor fuse, make sure that the monitor switch is also replaced at that time. Replace monitor fuse and monitor switch with Part# FFS-BA016 / KIT</td></tr></table>   | <b>CAUTION !</b> | When replacing a monitor fuse, make sure that the monitor switch is also replaced at that time. Replace monitor fuse and monitor switch with Part# FFS-BA016 / KIT |
| <b>CAUTION !</b> | When replacing a monitor fuse, make sure that the monitor switch is also replaced at that time. Replace monitor fuse and monitor switch with Part# FFS-BA016 / KIT  |                  |  |
|                  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outer case cabinet.</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol>   |                  |  |
| <b>F.</b>        | <b>Temperature Fuses</b>  |                  |  |
|                  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. A continuity check across either of the temperature fuse terminals should indicate a closed circuit unless the temperature of the magnetron temperature fuse reaches 121°C or the oven cavity fuse reaches 152°C. An open magnetron temperature fuse indicates overheating of the magnetron assembly while an open oven fuse indicates overheating of the oven cavity. If a temperature fuse indicates an open circuit, exchange that temperature fuse and check for a restricted air duct, restricted air flow to the magnetron and oven cavity through the vent holes of the oven cavity, especially the air duct and cooling fan assembly.</li><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outercase cabinet.</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol> |                  |  |
| <b>G.</b>        | <b>Touch Control Panel Assembly Test</b>  |                  |  |
|                  | <p>The touch control panel consists of circuits including semiconductors such as LSI, ICs, etc. Therefore, unlike conventional microwave ovens, proper maintenance can not be performed with only a voltmeter and ohmmeter. In this service manual, the touch control panel assembly is divided into two units, Control Unit and Switch Unit, and also the Control Unit is divided into two units, Display Unit and Power Unit. Troubleshooting by unit replacement is described according to the symptoms indicated.</p>   |                  |  |
|                  | <b>Before testing</b>   |                  |  |
|                  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.</li><li>5. Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulated tape.</li><li>6. After that procedure, re-connect the power supply cord.</li></ol>  |                  |  |

## TEST PROCEDURES

| Procedure Letter    | Component Test  |
|---------------------|---|
| G. <i>Continued</i> | <p><b>Touch Control Panel Assembly Test</b></p> <p>1. Switch Unit</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. Check unit ribbon connection before replacement.</li><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outercase (cabinet).</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol> <p>The following symptoms indicate a defective key unit. Replace the key unit.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) When touching the pads, a certain pad produces no signal at all.</li><li>b) When touching a number pad, two figures or more are displayed.</li><li>c) When touching the pads, sometimes a pad produces no signal.</li></ol> <p>If the Switch unit is defective.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outercase cabinet.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. Replace the switch unit.</li><li>5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>6. Re-install the outercase cabinet.</li><li>7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.</li><li>8. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol> <p>2. Control Unit</p> <p>The following symptoms indicate a defective control unit. Before replacing the control unit, perform the switch unit test (Procedure K) to determine if control unit is faulty.</p> <p>2-1 In connection with pads.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) When touching the pads, a certain group of pads do not produce a signal.</li><li>b) When touching the pads, no pads produce a signal.</li></ol> <p>2-2 In connection with indicators.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) At a certain digit, all or some segments do not light up.</li><li>b) At a certain digit, brightness is low.</li><li>c) Only one indicator does not light.</li><li>d) The corresponding segments of all digits do not light up; or they continue to light up.</li><li>e) Wrong figure appears.</li><li>f) A certain group of indicators do not light up.</li><li>g) All the segments of a digit flicker.</li></ol> <p>2-3 Other possible problems caused by defective control unit.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Buzzer does not sound or continues to sound.</li><li>b) Clock does not operate properly.</li><li>c) Cooking is not possible.</li></ol> <p>When testing is completed,</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li><li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li><li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li><li>4. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li><li>5. Re-install the outercase cabinet.</li><li>6. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.</li><li>7. Run the oven and check all functions.</li></ol> |

## TEST PROCEDURES

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| Procedure Letter | Component Test |
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### H. Relay Test

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
5. Ensure that the leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulated tape.
6. After the above procedure, reconnect the power supply cord.
7. Check voltage between Pin No. 1 of the 2 pin connector (A) and the common terminal of the relay RY1 on the control unit with A.C. voltmeter. The meter should indicate 120 volts. If not, check oven circuit.

#### **RY-1 and RY-2 Relay Test**

These relays are operated by D.C. voltage.

Check voltage at the relay coil with a D.C. voltmeter during the microwave cooking operation.

DC. voltage indicated ..... Defective relay.

DC. voltage not indicated ..... Check diode which is connected to the relay coil. If diode is good, control unit is defective.

| Relay Symbol | Operational Voltage | Connected Components                        |
|--------------|---------------------|---|
| RY 1         | Approx. 23.0 V DC   | Oven lamp/Turntable motor/Cooling fan motor |
| RY 2         | Approx. 22.0 V DC   | Power transformer                           |

8. Disconnect the power supply cord.
9. Open the door and block it open.
10. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
11. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
12. Re-install the outer case cabinet.
13. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.
14. Run the oven and check all functions.

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### I. Foil pattern on the printed wiring board Test

To protect the electronic circuits, this model is provided with a fine foil pattern added to the primary on the PWB, which acts as a fuse.

#### 1 Foil Pattern check and repairs

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. Follow the troubleshooting guide given below for repair.

| Steps | Occurrence                        | Cause or Correction                                  |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1     | Only pattern at "a" is broken.    | * Insert jumper wire J1 and solder.                  |
| 2     | Pattern at "a" and "b" are broken | * Insert the coil RCILF2003YAZZ between "c" and "d". |

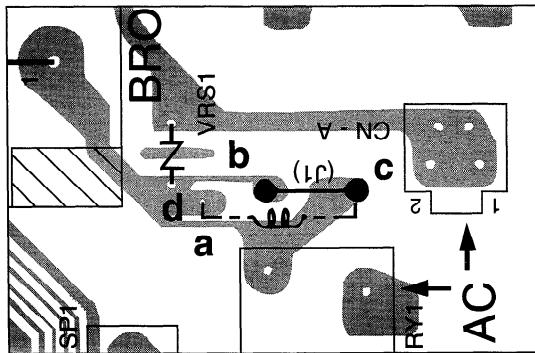
# TEST PROCEDURES

| Procedure Letter | Component Test |
|------------------|----------------|
|------------------|----------------|

## I. *Continued*

### Procedures to be taken when the foil pattern of the printed wiring board (PWB) is open

5. Make a visual inspection of the varistor burn damage and test the transformer with an ohmmeter for the presence of layer short-circuit (check the primary coil resistance which is approximately  $133\Omega \pm 10\%$ ). If any abnormal condition is detected, replace the defective part(s).



6. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
7. Re-install the outercase (cabinet).
8. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet.
9. Run the oven and check all functions.
2. Follow the troubleshooting guide given below. If indicator does not light up after above check and repairs are finished.
  1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.
  2. Open the door and block it open.
  3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
  4. Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
  5. Ensure that the leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulated tape.
  6. After the above procedure, reconnect the power supply cord.
  7. Follow the troubleshooting guide given below for repair.

| Steps | Occurrence   | Cause or Correction   |
|-------|--|---|
| 1     | The rated AC voltage is not present between Pin No.1 of the 2-pin connector (A) and the common terminal of the relay RY1 . | Check supply voltage and oven power cord                                  |
| 2     | The rated AC voltage is present at primary side of low voltage transformer.  | Low voltage transformer or secondary circuit defective. Check and repair. |

8. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove the outer case.
9. Open the door and block it open.
10. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
11. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
12. Re-install the outer case cabinet.
13. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case cabinet is installed.
14. Run the oven and check all functions.

# TEST PROCEDURES

## Procedure Letter

## Component Test

**J.**

### Compu Defrost Test

1. Place one cup of water in the center of the turntable tray in the oven cavity.
2. Close the door, touch the "DEFROST" button and select "STEAKS-CHOPS 1" button and touch "DEFROST GO ON" button and touch the number button "5". And then touch the "START" button.
3. The oven is in "COMPU DEFROST" cooking function.
4. The oven will operate as follows:

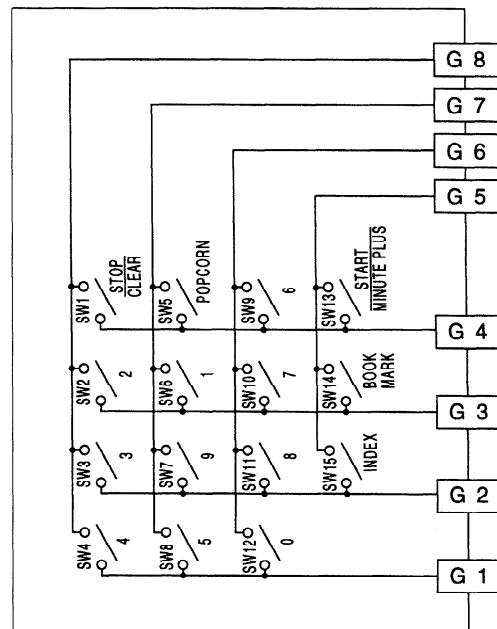
| Weight  | 1st Stage |         | 2nd Stage |         | 3rd Stage |        |
|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|
|         | Level     | Time    | Level     | Time    | Level     | Time   |
| 0.5 Lbs | 60%       | 42 sec. | 40%       | 35 sec. | 30%       | 15sec. |

5. If improper operation is indicated, the control unit is probably defective and should be checked.

**K.**

### Switch Unit Test

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. If the display fails to clear when the STOP/CLEAR button is depressed, first verify the lead wire harness is making good contact and verify that the door sensing switch operates properly (contacts are closed when the door is closed and open when the door is open).  
If the door sensing switch is good, disconnect the lead wire harness that connects the key unit to the control unit and make sure the door sensing switch is closed (either close the door or short the door sensing switch connector). Use the switch unit matrix indicated on the switch unit circuit and place a jumper wire between the pins that correspond to the STOP/CLEAR button making momentary contact. If the display unit responds by clearing with a beep the switch unit is faulty and must be replaced. If the display unit does not respond, it is faulty and must be replaced.  
If a specific button does not respond, the above method may be used (after clearing the display unit) to determine if the control unit or pad is at fault.
5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Re-install the outer case cabinet.
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after installing the outer case cabinet
8. Run the oven and check all functions.



# TEST PROCEDURES

| Procedure Letter | Component Test  |
|------------------|---|
| L.               | <p><b>AH Sensor Test</b></p> <p><b>Checking the initial sensor cooking condition</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The oven should be plugged in at least five minutes before sensor cooking.</li> <li>2. Room temperature should not exceed 95° F (35° C).</li> <li>3. The unit should not be installed in any areas where heat and steam are generated. The unit should not be installed, for example, next to a conventional surface unit. Refer to the "INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS" of the operation manual.</li> <li>4. Exhaust vents are provided on the bottom of the unit for proper cooling and air flow in the cavity. To permit adequate ventilation, be sure to install so as not to block these vents. There should be some space for air circulation.</li> <li>5. Be sure the exterior of the cooking container and the interior of the oven are dry. Wipe off any moisture with a dry cloth or paper towel.</li> <li>6. The sensor works with food at normal storage temperature. For example, chicken pieces would be at refrigerator temperature and canned soup at room temperature.</li> <li>7. Avoid using aerosol sprays or cleaning solvents near the oven while using Sensor settings. The sensor will detect the vapor given off by the spray and turn off before the food is properly cooked.</li> <li>8. If the sensor has not detected the vapor of the food, ERROR will appear and the oven will shut off.</li> </ol> <p><b>Water load cooking test</b></p> <p>Note: The cabinet should be installed and screws tightened.</p> <p>Make sure the oven has been plugged in at least two minutes before checking sensor cook operation. The cabinet should be installed and screws tightened.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fill approximately 200 milliliters (7.2 oz.) of tap water in a 1000 milliliter measuring cup.</li> <li>2. Place the container on the center of tray in the oven cavity.</li> <li>3. Close the door.</li> <li>4. Operate the oven in "POTATOES-WHITE" of sensor cooking condition, in accordance with the following procedure.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4-1 Touch "COOK" button.</li> <li>4-2 Touch "VEGETABLES" button.</li> <li>4-3 Touch "PAGE FORWARD" button until "POTATOES-WHITE" appears.</li> <li>4-4 Touch "POTATOES-WHITE" button.</li> <li>4-5 Touch "START" button.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4-6 Now the oven is in the sensor cooking condition and "SENSOR COOK" will appear in the display.</li> <li>5. Now the oven will operate for the first 16 seconds without generating microwave energy.</li> </ol> <p><b>Note:</b> ERROR will appear if the door is opened or STOP/CLEAR button is touched during first stage of sensor cooking.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>6. After approximately 16 seconds, microwave energy is produced, the oven should turn off when water is boiling (bubbling).</li> </ol> <p>If the oven does not turn off, replace the AH sensor or check the control unit.</p> <p><b>Testing Method for AH Sensor and/or Control Unit</b></p> <p>To determine if the sensor is defective, the simplest method is to replace it with a new sensor.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li> <li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li> <li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li> <li>4. Remove the AH sensor.</li> <li>5. Install the new AH sensor.</li> <li>6. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.</li> <li>7. Re-install the outer case.</li> <li>8. Reconnect the power supply cord and check the sensor cook operation, proceed as follows:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. Fill approximately 200 milliliters (7.2 oz.) of tap water in a 1000 milliliter measuring cup.</li> <li>B. Place the container on the center of tray in the oven cavity.</li> <li>C. Close the door.</li> <li>D. Operate the oven in "POTATOES-WHITE" of sensor cooking condition in accordance with procedure 4-1 to 4-6 of water load cooking test.</li> <li>E. The control panel is in automatic Sensor operation.</li> <li>F. The display will start to count down the remaining cooking time, and the oven will turn off automatically when the water is boiling (bubbling).</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |

## TEST PROCEDURES

| Procedure Letter | Component Test  |
|------------------|---|
| L.               | <p><b>AH Sensor Test (Continued)</b></p> <p>If the new sensor does not operate properly, the problem is with the control unit.</p> <p><b>Checking the Control Unit</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li> <li>2. Open the door and block it open.</li> <li>3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li> <li>4. Disconnect the sensor connector that is mounted to control panel.</li> <li>5. Then connect the dummy resistor circuit (see fig. A) to the sensor connector of control panel.</li> <li>6. Disconnect the wire leads to the primary of power transformer.</li> <li>7. Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulated tape.</li> <li>8. After that procedure, re-connect the power supply cord.</li> <li>9. Check the sensor cook operation proceed as follows:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. Operate the oven in "POTATOES-WHITE" of sensor cooking condition in accordance with procedure 4-1 to 4-6 of water load cooking test.</li> <li>B. The control panel is in the sensor cooking operation.</li> <li>C. After approximately 80 seconds, push plunger of select switch for more than 3 seconds. This condition is the same as judgment by AH sensor.<br/>This condition is same as judgement by AH sensor.</li> <li>D. After approximately 3 seconds, the display shows "XX. XX" which is the remaining cooking time, and the display count down.</li> </ol> </li> <li>If the above is not the case, the control unit is probably defective.</li> <li>If the above checks positive, the AH sensor is probably defective.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case cabinet.</li> <li>11. Open the door and block it open.</li> <li>12. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.</li> <li>13. Disconnect the dummy resistor circuit from the sensor connector of control panel.</li> <li>14. Carry out the necessary repair.</li> <li>15. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing and repairing.</li> <li>16. Re-install the outer case cabinet.</li> <li>17. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed. Run the oven and check all functions.</li> <li>18. Carry out the "Water load cooking test" again and ensure that the oven works properly.</li> </ol> |

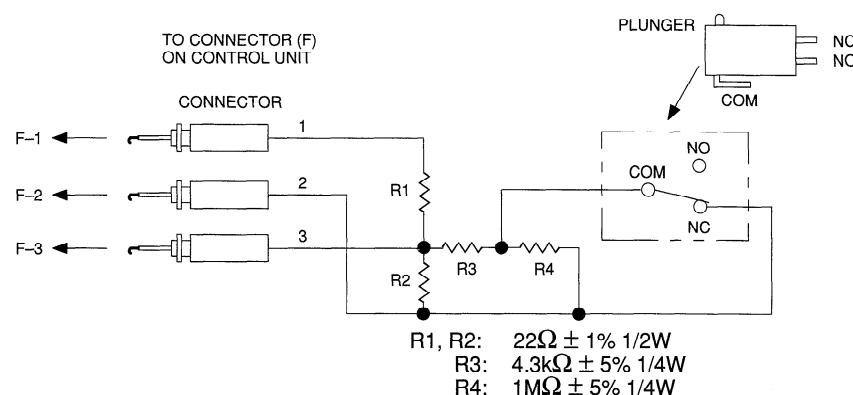


Figure A. Sensor Dummy Resistor Circuit

## OUTLINE OF TOUCH CONTROL PANEL

The touch control section consists of the following units as shown in the touch control panel circuit:

- (1) Switch Unit
- (2) Control Unit (The Control Unit consist of Power Unit and LSI Unit)

The principal functions of these units and their related signals are explained below.

### Switch Unit

The key unit is composed of a matrix. Signals generated in the LSI are sent to the key unit through P41, P42, P43 and P44.

When a switch button is touched, a signal is completed through the switch unit and passed back to the LSI through P93, P94, P95 and P40 to perform the function that was requested.

### Control Unit

The Control unit consists of the following:

1. **IC1 (LSI)**  
This is a microcomputer, responsible for controlling the entire control unit.
2. **IC2**  
This is only a read memory IC, responsible for giving IC1 all programs
3. **IC3**  
This is only a memory IC .  
This memorizes the contrast of LCD.
4. **IC4**  
This is an amplifier IC .  
This IC controls the contrast of LCD and amplifies the sensor signal.
5. **LCD driver**  
This IC drives the LCD.
6. **ACL Circuit**  
A circuit to generate a signal which resets the LSI to the initial state when power is applied.
7. **Indicator Circuit**  
This circuit consists of 100 x 65 dots using a liquid Crystal Display.

### 8. Power Source Circuit

This circuit generates voltage necessary in the control unit from the AC line voltage.

In addition, the synchronizing signal is available in order to compose a basic standard time in the clock circuit.

| Symbol | Voltage | Application |
|--------|---------|-------------|
| VC     | - 5V    | LSI (IC1),  |

### 9. Relay Circuit

To drive the magnetron, fan motor, turntable motor and oven lamp.

### 10. Buzzer Circuit

The buzzer is responsive to signals from the LSI to emit Audible sounds (key touch sound and completion sound).

### 11. Synchronizing Signal Circuit

The Power source synchronizing signal is available in order to compose a basic standard time in the clock circuit. It accompanies a very small error because it works on commercial frequency.

### 12. Door Sensing Switch

A switch to "tell" the LSI if the door is open or closed.

### 13. Back Light Circuit

A circuit to drive the back light (Light emmitting diodes LD1-LD6 and Lamps LMP1, LMP2).

### 14. Absolute Humidity Sensor Circuit

This circuit detects the humidity of the food which is being cooked, to control automatic cooking.

### 15. Switch Circuit

The switch circuit composed of a matrix, signal generated in the LSI are sent to the switch circuit through P41, P42, P43, and P44

When a switch button is touched, a signal is completed through the switch circuit and passed back through the LSI through P86 and P87 .

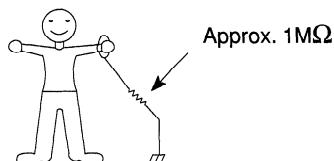
## SERVICING

### Precautions for Handling Electronic Components

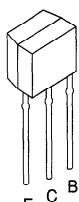
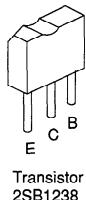
This unit uses CMOS LSI in the integral part of the circuits. When handling these parts, the following precautions should be strictly followed:

CMOS LSI have extremely high impedance at its input and output terminals. For this reason, it is easily influenced by surrounding high voltage power sources, static electricity charge in clothes, etc. and sometimes it is not fully protected by the built-in protection circuit. In order to protect CMOS LSI, practice the following guidelines:

1. When storing and transporting LSI, thoroughly wrap them in aluminum foil.  
Also wrap all PW boards in aluminum foil.
2. When soldering, the technician should use a grounding strap as shown in the figure and use a grounded soldering iron and work table.



### Shapes of Electronic Components



Transistor  
DTD143ES

### Servicing of Touch Control Panel

We describe the procedures to permit servicing of the touch control panel of the microwave oven and the precautions you must take when doing so.

To perform the servicing, power to the touch control panel is available either from the power line of the oven itself or from an external power source.

### Servicing The Touch Control Panel With The Oven Power Supply

#### CAUTION !

The high voltage transformer of the microwave oven is still live during servicing and presents a hazard.

When checking the performance of the touch control panel, put the outer cabinet on the oven to avoid touching the high voltage transformer or unplug the primary terminal (connector) of the high voltage transformer to turn it off; the end of such connector must be insulated with an insulating tape. After servicing, be sure to reconnect the leads to their original locations.

1. On some models, the power supply cord between the touch control panel and the oven itself is so short that

the two can't be separated. For those models, check and repair all the controls (sensor-related ones included) of the touch control panel while keeping it connected to the oven.

2. On some models, the power supply cord between the touch control panel and the oven proper is long enough that they may be separated from each other. For those models, therefore, it is possible to check and repair the controls of the touch control panel while keeping it apart from the oven proper: in this case you must short both ends of the door sensing switch (on PWB) of the touch control panel with a jumper, which brings about an operational state that is equivalent to the oven door being closed.

As for the sensor-related controls of the touch control panel, checking them is possible if dummy resistor (s) with resistance equal to that of the controls are used.

### Servicing The Touch Control Panel With An External Power Supply

Disconnect the touch control panel completely from the oven proper, and short both ends of the door sensing switch (on PWB) of the touch control panel, which activates an operational state that is equivalent to the oven door being closed. Connect an external power source to the power input terminal of the touch control panel, then it is possible to check and repair the controls of the touch control panel; it is also possible to check the sensor-related controls of the touch control panel by using the dummy resistor (s).

### Servicing Tools

Tools required to service the touch control panel assembly.

1. Soldering iron: 30W  
(It is recommended to use a soldering iron with a grounding terminal.)
2. Oscilloscope: Single beam, frequency range: DC-10MHz type or more advanced model.
3. Hand tools.

### Other Precautions

1. Before turning on the power source of the control unit, remove the aluminum foil applied for preventing static electricity.
2. Connect the connector of the key unit to the control unit being sure that the lead wires are not twisted.
3. After aluminum foil is removed, be careful that abnormal voltage due to static electricity etc. is not applied to the input or output terminals.
4. Attach connectors, electrolytic capacitors, etc. to PWB, making sure that all connections are tight.
5. Be sure to use specified components where high precision is required.

# COMPONENT REPLACEMENT/ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

## WARNING AGAINST HIGH VOLTAGE

Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current, contact with the following parts may result in severe, possibly fatal, electric shock.

Example

High Voltage Capacitor, Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness etc..

### WARNING

**Avoid possible exposure to microwave energy. Please follow the instructions below before operating the oven.**

1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
2. Visually check the door and cavity face plate for damage (dents, cracks, signs of arcing etc.).

Carry out any remedial work that is necessary before operating the oven.

Do not operate the oven if any of the following conditions exist;

1. Door does not close firmly.
2. Door hinge, support or latch hook is damaged.
3. The door gasket or seal is damaged.
4. The door is bent or warped.

5. There are defective parts in the door interlock system.
6. There are defective parts in the microwave generating and transmission assembly.
7. There is visible damage to the oven.

Do not operate the oven:

1. Without the RF gasket (Magnetron).
2. If the wave guide or oven cavity are not intact.
3. If the door is not closed.
4. If the outer case cabinet is not fitted.

## WARNING FOR WIRING

**To prevent electric shock, take the following precautions.**

1. Before wiring.
  - 1) Disconnect the power supply cord.
  - 2) Open the door and block it open.
  - 3) Discharge the high voltage capacitor and wait for 60 seconds.
2. Don't let the wire leads touch the following parts;
  - 1) High voltage parts:  
Magnetron, High voltage Transformer, High voltage capacitor and High voltage rectifier assembly.
  - 2) Hot parts:  
Oven lamp, Magnetron, High voltage Transform-

er and oven cavity.

- 3) Sharp edge:  
Bottom plate, oven cavity, waveguide, flange, chassis support and other metallic plate.
- 4) Movable parts (to prevent a fault)  
Fan blade, Fan motor, Switch, Switch lever, and Open button.
3. Do not catch the wire leads in the outer case cabinet.
4. Insert the positive lock connector until its pin is locked and make sure that the wire leads do not come off even if the wire leads are pulled.
5. To prevent an error function, connect the wire leads correctly, referring to the Wiring Diagram.

# COMPONENT REPLACEMENT / ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

## NOTE!

Please refer to "OVEN PARTS, CABINET PARTS, CONTROL PANEL PARTS, DOOR PARTS" When carrying out any of the following removal procedures:

## Outer Case Removal

### CAUTION !

1. Disconnect power supply cord before removing outer case cabinet.
2. Discharge the high voltage capacitor before touching any oven components or wiring.

To remove the outer case, proceed as follows.

1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Remove the two screws (2) from the upper and lower

left portion of rear cabinet using a T20H Torx type or GTXH20-100 screw driver.

4. Remove the two screws (2) from the rear of outer case.
5. Slide the entire case back about 1 inch (3cm) to free it from retaining clips on the cavity face plate.
6. Lift entire case from the unit.

## NOTE!

**When replacing the outer case, the 2 special Torx screws must be reinstalled in the same locations.**

## Power Transformer Removal

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect wire leads of the main wire harness and H.V. wire from power transformer.
5. Disconnect the lead from magnetron filament.
6. Disconnect the leads of the power transformer from high voltage capacitor.
7. Remove the four (4) screws holding the transformer to base plate.
8. Remove the transformer.

9. Now the power transformer is free.

Re-install

1. Rest transformer on baseplate with its primary terminals toward oven face plate.
2. Secure transformer with four (4) screws to baseplate.
3. Re-connect the wire leads (primary and high voltage) to transformer and filament leads of transformer to magnetron and high voltage capacitor. Refer to "Wiring Diagram".
4. Re-install outercase cabinet and check that oven is operating properly.

## High Voltage Rectifier and High Voltage Capacitor Removal

### CAUTION !

When replacing the high voltage rectifier and high voltage capacitor, the ground side terminal of the high voltage rectifier must be secured firmly with a grounding screw.

(RDA1504U)

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Remove one (1) screw holding the capacitor band

and the high voltage rectifier assembly to the base plate.

5. Disconnect the wire lead of high voltage rectifier assembly from the magnetron.
6. Disconnect terminals of rectifier assembly from capacitor and magnetron. High voltage rectifier assembly is now free.

### CAUTION !

Do not replace only high voltage rectifier. When replacing it, replace the entire high voltage rectifier assembly.

## Magnetron Removal

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect wire leads from the magnetron.
5. Remove the one (1) screw holding chassis support to magnetron and magnetron duct. Slide the magnetron duct slightly so that two (2) screws at left hand

side of the magnetron appear.

6. Carefully remove the four (4) screws holding magnetron to waveguide flange.
7. Remove the magnetron with care so that the magnetron antenna is not hit by any metal objects around the tube.
8. Now, the magnetron is free.

# COMPONENT REPLACEMENT / ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

## Magnetron Installation

### CAUTION !

When replacing the magnetron, be sure that the R.F. gasket is in place and that the mounting screws are tightened securely.

1. Install magnetron assembly to the waveguide flange

## Control Panel Assembly Removal

1. Disconnect the oven from the power supply and remove outer case.
2. Remove barrier.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect wire leads from panel components.
5. Re-adjust the clip holding panel assembly to oven flange.
6. Remove control panel assembly by sliding it upward.
7. Now, individual components can be removed.

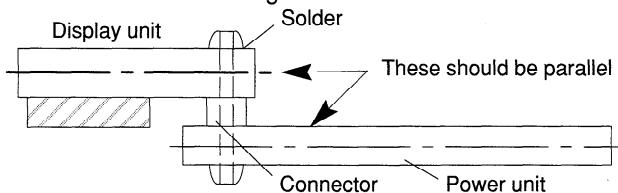
## Oven Lamp and Lamp Socket Removal

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Pull the wire leads from the oven lamp socket with the flat type small screw driver.
5. Remove the oven lamp socket from the magnetron duct by turning the socket counterclockwise. Pushing the small tab of magnetron locating the left hand

with care to prevent damage to the magnetron tube.

2. Secure the magnetron with four (4) screws.
3. Hold the chassis support to the magnetron and magnetron duct with one (1) screw.
4. Connect wire leads to the magnetron .
5. Re-install outer case and check that the oven is operating properly.

**Note:** When soldering the display unit and the power unit, make sure both the display and power unit are parallel, as shown in the figure below.



## Turntable Motor Removal

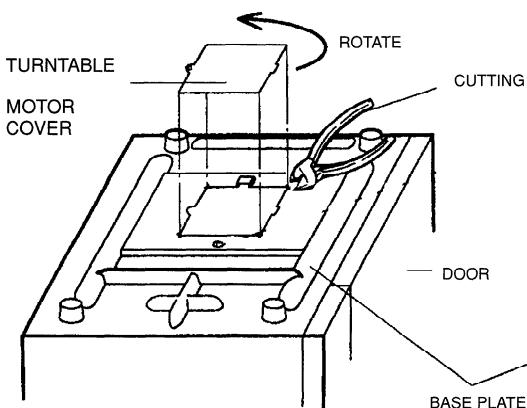
(RDA1305U)

### CAUTION !

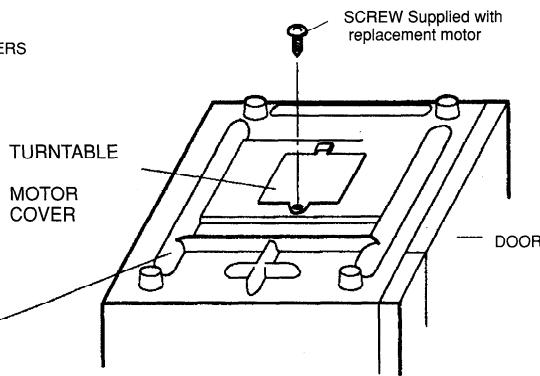
Do not drop the turntable motor cover into the oven after cutting the bridges. Because it will damage the wire leads of the motor and it is difficult to remove it out of the oven.

1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
2. Remove turntable and turntable support from oven cavity.

3. Lay the oven on its backside. Remove the turntable motor cover by snipping off the material in four corners.
4. When the corners have been snipped off, bend the corner areas flat. No sharp edges must be evident after removal of the turntable motor cover.
5. Disconnect wire leads from turntable motor.
6. Remove two (2) screws holding turntable motor to oven cavity.
7. Now turntable motor is free.



Turntable motor cover removal



Turntable motor cover re-install

# COMPONENT REPLACEMENT / ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

## Turtable Motor Re-install

1. Remove any sharp edges on the turntable motor cover and the base plate with cutting pliers.
2. Insert the edge of motor cover into tab on the base plate.
3. Secure motor cover with one (1) screw to base plate.

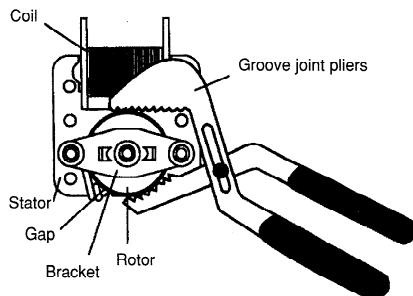
## Cooling Fan Motor Removal

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the wire leads from the fan motor.
5. Remove two (2) screws holding the fan motor to the back plate of the oven cavity.
6. Remove the fan blade from the fan motor shaft according to the following procedure.
  - a) Hold the edge of the rotor of the fan motor by using a pair of groove joint pliers.

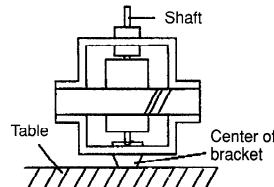
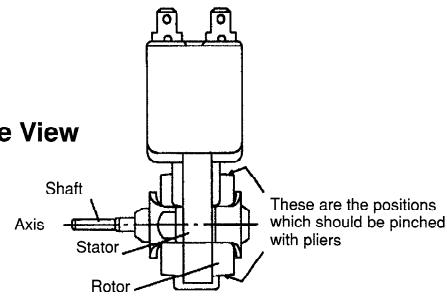
### CAUTION !

Make sure that no metal pieces do not enter the gap between the rotor and the stator of the fan motor because the rotor is easily shaven by pliers and metal pieces may be produced. Do not touch the pliers to the coil of the fan motor because the coil may be cut or injured. Do not disfigure the bracket by touching with the pliers.

- b) Remove the fan blade from the shaft of the fan motor by pulling and rotating the fan blade with your hand.
- c) Now, the fan blade will be free.



Side View



### CAUTION !

Do not use this removed fan blade again because the hole (for shaft) may become bigger than a standard one.

## INSTALLATION

1. Install the fan blade to the fan motor shaft according to the following procedure
  - a) Hold the center of the bracket which supports the shaft of the fan motor on the flat table.
  - b) Apply the screw lock tight into the hole (for shaft) of the fan blade.
  - c) Install the fan blade to the shaft of the fan motor by pushing the fan blade with a small, light weight, ball peen hammer or rubber mallet.

### CAUTION !

Do not hit the fan blade hard when installed because the bracket may be disfigured.

Make sure that the fan blade rotates smooth after installation.

Make sure that the axis of the shaft is not slanted.

2. Install the fan motor to the back plate of the oven cavity with two (2) screws.
3. Connect the wire leads to the fan motor, referring to the wiring diagram.

# COMPONENT REPLACEMENT/ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

## Door Sensing Switch / Secondary Interlock Switch and Monitor Switch Adjustments

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case cabinet.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.

If the door sensing switch, secondary interlock switch and monitor switch do not operate properly due to a misadjustment, the following adjustment should be made.

1. Loosen the two (2) screws holding the latch hook to the oven cavity front flange.
2. With the door closed, adjust the latch hook by moving it back and forth, and up and down.

In and out play of the door allowed by the upper and lower position of the latch heads should be less than 0.5mm.

The vertical position of the latch hook should be placed where the door sensing switch and the secondary interlock switch have activated with the door closed.

3. Secure the screws with washers firmly.
4. Make sure of the door sensing switch operation. If the door sensing switch has not activated with the door closed, loosen the screw and adjust the latch hook position.
5. Check operation of all switches. If each switch has not activated with the door closed, loosen screw and adjust the latch hook position.

**Note:** After adjustments, make sure of the following:

1. In and out play of the door remains less than 0.5mm when in the latched position.

Check the upper position of the latch hook by pushing and pulling the upper portion of the door.

Then check lower portion of the latch hook, by pushing and pulling the lower portion of the door toward the oven face. Both results (play of the door) should be less than 0.5mm.

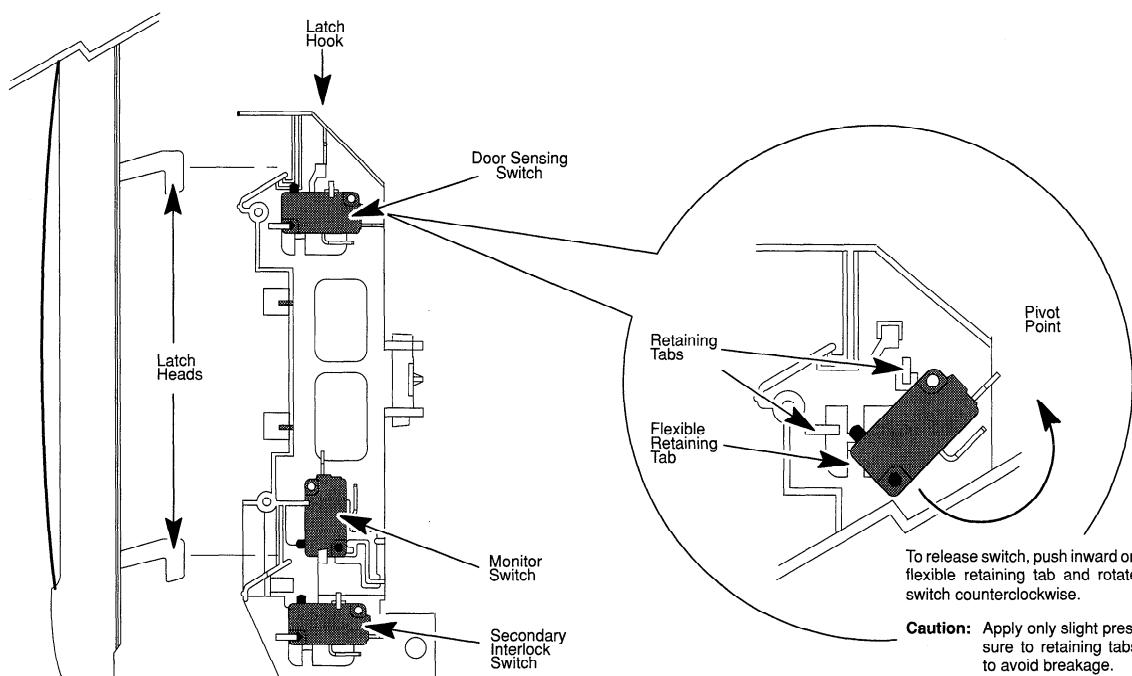
2. The door sensing and secondary interlock switches interrupt the circuit before the door can be opened. Monitor switch contacts close when door is opened. Re-install outer case and check for microwave leakage around the door with an approved microwave survey meter. (Refer to "Microwave Measurement Procedure.")

## Door Sensing Switch / Secondary Interlock Switch and Monitor Switch Removal

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case cabinet.
2. The door sensing and secondary interlock switches interrupt the circuit before the door can be opened.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect wire leads from switches, fuse and connectors from control panel.
5. Remove one (1) screw holding control panel to oven cavity faceplate.
6. Slide control panel assembly upward and remove from cavity faceplate.
7. Open oven door.
8. Remove two (2) screws holding the latch hook to oven flange.
9. Remove latch hook from oven flange by lifting up on flexible tab and pushing latch hook back.
10. Locate the flexible retaining tabs on the latch hook.
11. Push tab inward and rotate switch counterclockwise to release switch.

**Note:** For monitor switch, lift switch over boss while rotating counterclockwise.

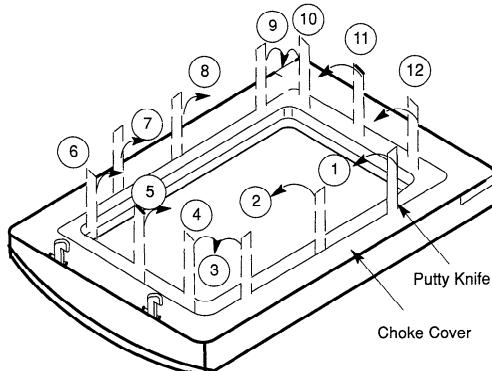
12. Switch is now free.



## DOOR DISASSEMBLY

### Removal

1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
2. Push the open button and open the door slightly.
3. Insert a putty knife (thickness of about 0.5mm) into the gap between the choke cover and corner portion of door panel as shown in the figure below to free engaging parts.
4. Pry the lever and lift up the choke cover by inserting a putty knife in the order as shown in the figure below.
5. Release choke cover from door panel.
6. Now choke cover is free from door panel.



7. Release two(2) pins of door panel from two (2) holes of upper and lower door hinges by lifting up.
8. Now, door panel is free from oven cavity.
9. Release door panel from twelve (12) tabs of door frame and remove door frame.
10. Now, door panel with sealer film is free.
11. Tear sealer film from door panel.
12. Now, door panel is free.
13. Slide latch head upward and remove it from door frame and latch head.
14. Now latch head and latch spring are free.
15. Remove door screen from door frame.
16. Now, door screen is free.

### Re-Install

1. Re-install door screen to door frame.
2. Re-install latch spring to the head. Re-install latch spring to the door frame.
3. Re-install door panel to door frame by fitting twelve (12) tabs of door frame to twelve (12) holes of door panel.
4. Put sealer film on door panel. Refer to "Sealer Film Installation" and on how to handle the new film.
5. Catch two (2) pins of door panel on two (2) holes of upper and lower door hinge.
6. Re-install choke cover to door panel by snapping on to the door panel.

#### Note: After any service to the door

(A) Make sure that door sensing switch, secondary Interlock switch, primary Interlock relay and monitor switch are operating properly.  
(Refer to section "Test Procedures".)

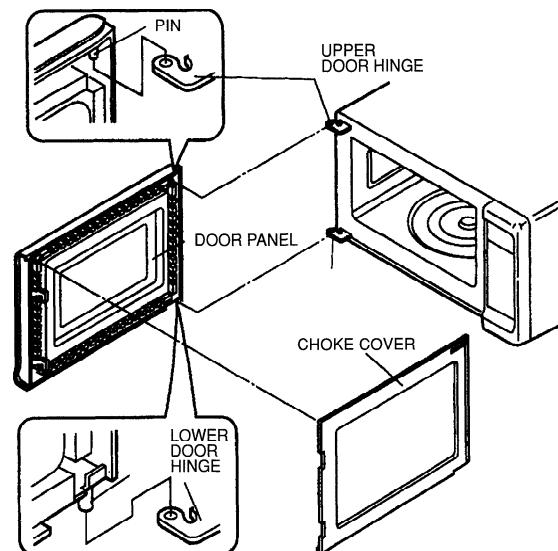
(B) An approved microwave survey meter should be used to assure compliance with proper microwave radiation emission limitation standards.

### After adjustment, make sure of the following:

1. Door latch heads smoothly catch latch hook through latch holes, and also latch head goes through the center of the hole.
2. Deviation of door alignment from horizontal line of cavity face plate is less than 1.0 mm.
3. Door is positioned with its face depressed toward cavity face plate.
4. Install the outer case cabinet and check for microwave leakage around the door with an approved microwave survey meter.

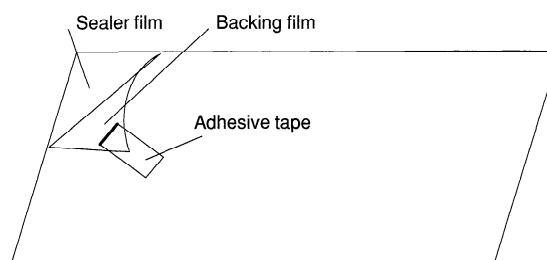
(Refer to "Microwave Measurement Procedure".)

**Note:** The door on a microwave oven is designed to act as an electronic seal preventing the leakage of microwave energy from the oven cavity during the cooking cycle. This function does not require that the door be air tight, moisture tight, or light tight. Therefore, the occasional appearance of moisture, light or sensing of gentle warm air movement around the oven door is not abnormal and does not indicate leakage of microwave energy from the cavity.



### Sealer Film Installation

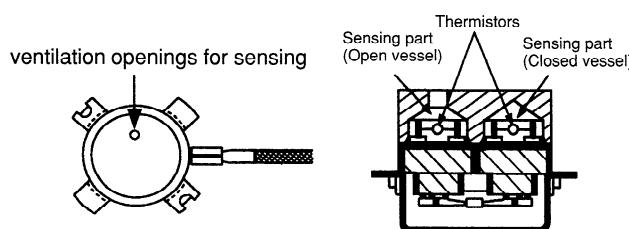
1. Put adhesive tape on the backing film of the sealer film as shown below.
2. Tear the backing film by pulling the adhesive tape.
3. Put the pasted side of the sealer film on the door panel.



# ABSOLUTE HUMIDITY SENSOR CIRCUIT

## Structure of Absolute Humidity Sensor

The absolute humidity sensor includes two thermistors as shown in the illustration. One thermistor is housed in the closed vessel filled with dry air while another is in an open vessel. Each sensor is provided with a protective cover made of metal to protect it from the external airflow. The open vessel cover has two small holes in it to allow moisture laden air from the oven cavity to surround it.

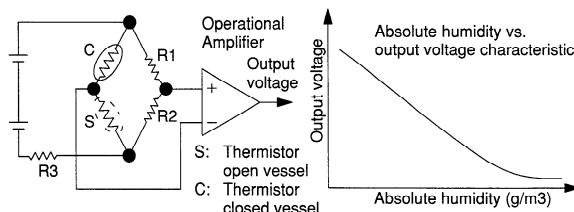


## Operational Principle of AH Sensor

The figure below shows the basic structure of an absolute humidity sensor. A bridge circuit is formed by two thermistors and two resistors (R1 and R2).

The output of the bridge circuit is amplified by an operational amplifier.

Each thermistor is supplied with a current to keep it heated to about 150° C (302° F) and the resultant heat is dissipated in the air, if the two thermistors are placed in different humidity conditions they show different humidity conditions and different degrees of heat conductivity leading to a potential difference between them causing an output voltage from the bridge circuit, the intensity of which is increased as the absolute humidity of the air increases. Since the output is very minute, it is amplified by the operational amplifier.



## Detector Circuit of AH Sensor Circuit

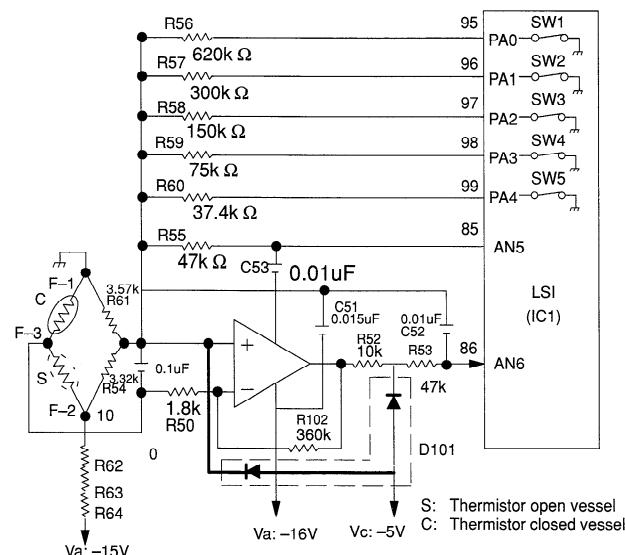
This detector circuit is used to detect the output voltage of the absolute humidity circuit to allow the LSI to control

the sensor cooking of the unit.

When the unit is set in the sensor cooking mode, 16 seconds later the detector circuit starts to function and the LSI observes the initial voltage available at its AN1 terminal. With this voltage given, the switches SW1 to SW5 in the LSI are turned on in such a way as to change the resistance values in parallel with R56-60 of IC4. Changing the resistance values results in that there is the same potential at both the F-3 terminal of the absolute humidity sensor and the AN5 terminal of the LSI. The voltage of AN6 terminal will indicate about -2.5V. This initial balancing is set up about 16 seconds after the unit is put in the Sensor Cooking mode.

As the sensor cooking proceeds, the food is heated to generate moisture by which the resistance balance of the bridge circuit is deviated to increase the voltage available at the AN6 terminal of the LSI. Then the LSI observes that voltage at AN6 terminal and compares it with its initial value. When the comparison rate reaches the preset value (fixed for each menu to be cooked), the LSI causes the unit to stop sensor cooking; thereafter, the unit goes in to the next operation automatically. When the LSI starts to detect the initial voltage at AN6 terminal 16 seconds after the unit has been put in the Sensor Cooking mode, if it is impossible to take a balance of the bridge circuit due to disconnection of the absolute humidity sensor, ERROR will reappear on the display and cooking is stopped.

## Absolute Humidity Sensor Circuit

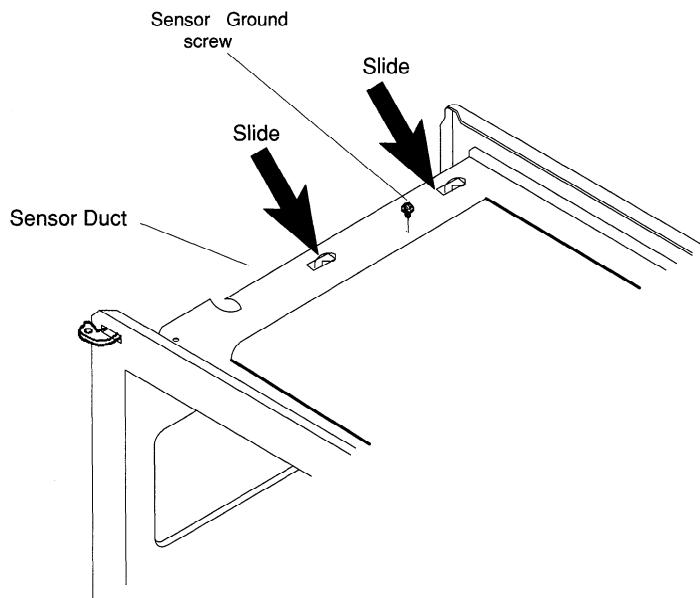


## AH SENSOR DUCT REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Remove screws from the rear of the outercase cabinet. Slide the entire case back about 1 inch (3cm) to free it from retaining clips on the cavity faceplate.
4. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
5. Lift entire outer case cabinet from unit.
6. Remove ground screw mounted into the sensor duct.
7. Slide the two tabs of the sensor duct to the right.
8. Sensor duct is now free.

### CAUTION !

Discharge the high voltage capacitor before touching any oven components or wiring.



## AH SENSOR REPLACEMENT

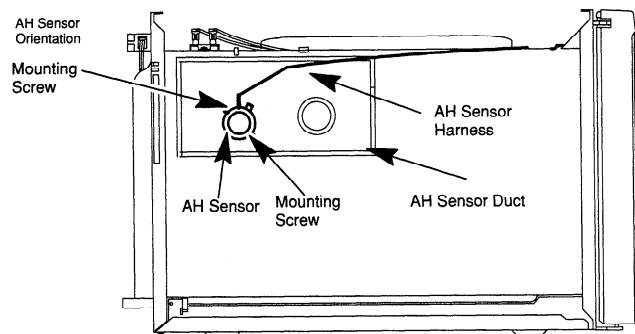
### Removal

1. Disconnect power supply cord .
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Remove screws from the rear of the outercase cabinet. Slide the entire case back about 1 inch (3cm) to free it from retaining clips on the cavity faceplate.
4. Lift the entire outercase cabinet from the oven unit.
5. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
6. Remove two (2) screws holding the AH sensor  
Refer to Figures 1-16 & 2-16.
7. Disconnect the AH sensor harness from connector CN-F on control unit.
8. AH sensor is now free.

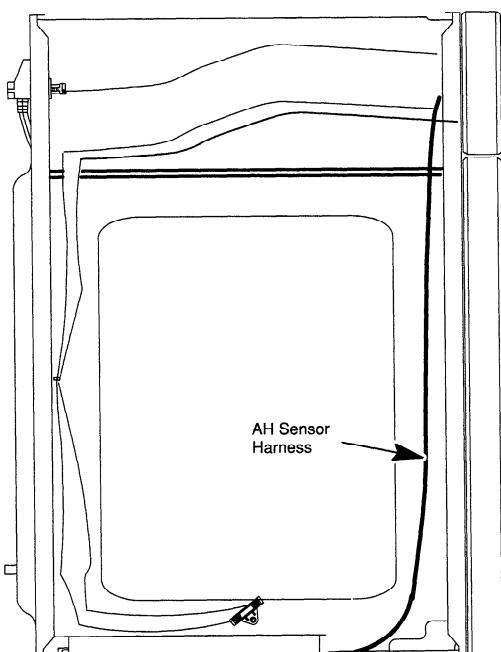
### Installation

1. Insert new AH sensor into AH sensor duct.  
Refer to Figures 1-16 & 2-16 for proper sensor orientation.
2. Install two (2) screws to secure AH sensor.
3. Route the AH sensor harness above emboss on AH sensor duct.  
Refer to Figures 1-16 & 2-16.
4. Continue to route AH sensor harness across the oven cavity top plate and through the large opening.  
Refer to Figure 2-16.
5. Connect AH sensor harness to CN-F on the control unit.
6. Re-install the outercase cabinet and check for proper operation.

## AH SENSOR ORIENTATION & HARNESS ROUTING



**Figure 1-16**  
**Oven Left Side View**



**Figure 2-16**  
**Oven Top View**

## MICROWAVE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

After adjustment of the door, interlock and monitor switches are completed individually or collectively, a INTERLOCK SWITCH TEST and MICROWAVE LEAKAGE TEST must be performed to assure compliance with DHHS (CDRH) Performance Standards for Microwave Ovens.

### Interlock Switch Test

Make sure that the door sensing switch, secondary interlock switch and monitor switch are operating properly by checking with an ohmmeter.

Refer to the "Test Procedure" of the door sensing switch, secondary interlock switch and monitor switch.

### Microwave Leakage Test

#### Requirements

##### 1. Microwave leakage limit (Power density limit).

The power density of microwave radiation emitted by a microwave oven shall not exceed  $1\text{mW/cm}^2$  at any point 5cm or more from the external surface of the oven, measured prior to acquisition by the purchaser, and thereafter (through the useful life of the oven)  $5\text{mW/cm}^2$  at any point 5cm or more from the external surface of the oven.

##### 2. Safety interlock switches.

Primary interlock relay and door sensing switch will prevent microwave radiation emissions in excess of the requirement as above mentioned, secondary interlock switch shall prevent microwave radiation emission in excess of  $5\text{ mW/cm}^2$  at any point 5cm or more from the external surface of the oven.

#### Preparation For Testing

Before beginning the actual measurement of leakage, proceed as follows:

##### 1. Make sure that the actual instrument is operating normally as specified in its instruction booklet.

**Note:** Survey instruments that comply with the requirement for instrumentation 21CFR1030.10(c)(3)(i), as prescribed by the performance standard for microwave ovens must be used for testing.

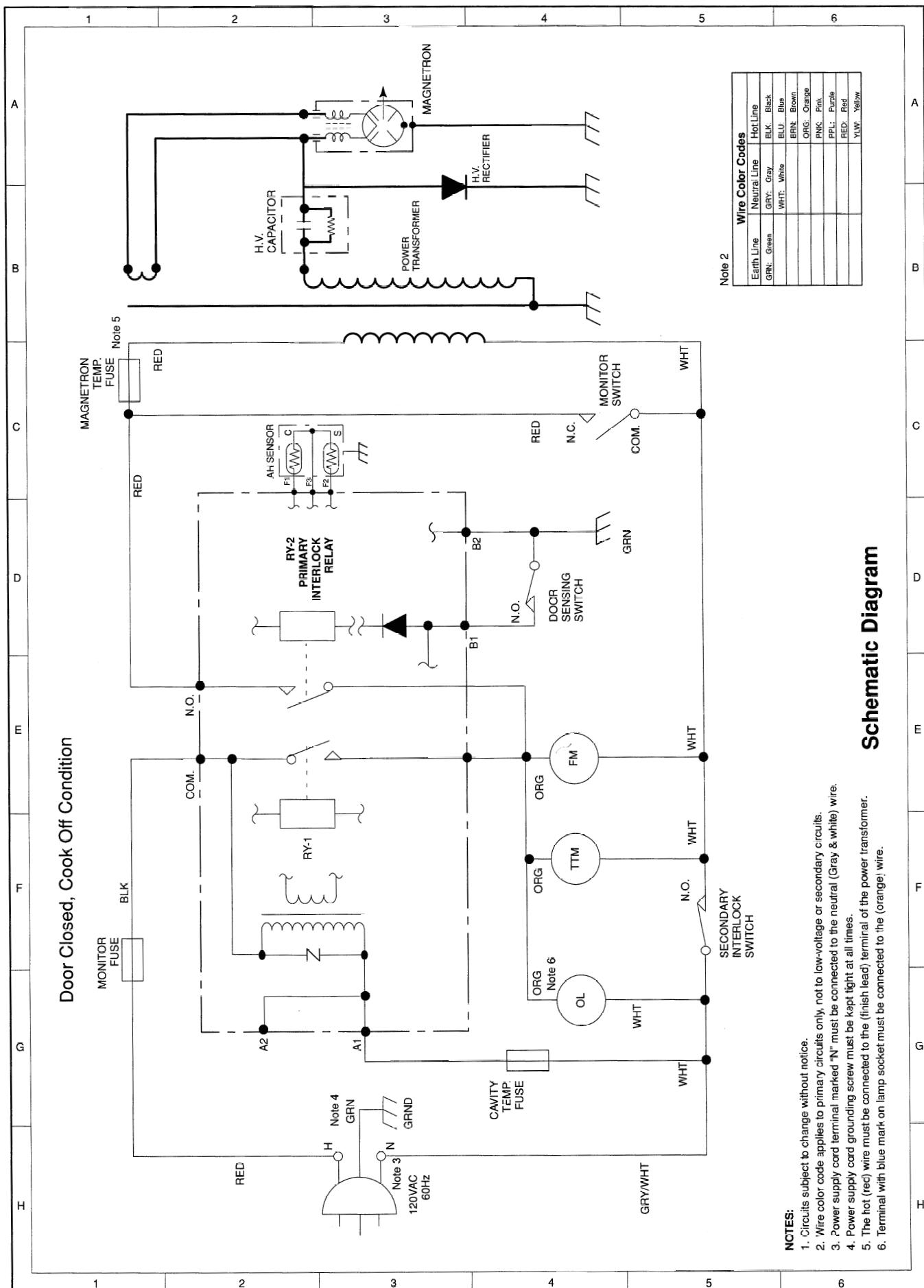
2. Place the oven tray in the oven cavity.
3. Place the load of  $275 \pm 15\text{ml}$  (9.8 oz.) of tap water initially at  $20 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$  ( $68^\circ\text{F}$ ) in the center of the oven cavity.  
The water container shall be a low form of 600 ml (20 oz.) beaker with an inside diameter of approximately 8.5 cm (3 1/2 in.) and made of an electrically nonconductive material such as glass or plastic.  
The placing of this standard load in the oven is important not only to protect the oven, but also to insure that any leakage is measured accurately.
4. Set the cooking control on High.
5. Close the door and put the oven into a cook cycle for several minutes. If the water begins to boil before the survey is completed, replace it with 275ml of cool water.

#### Leakage Test

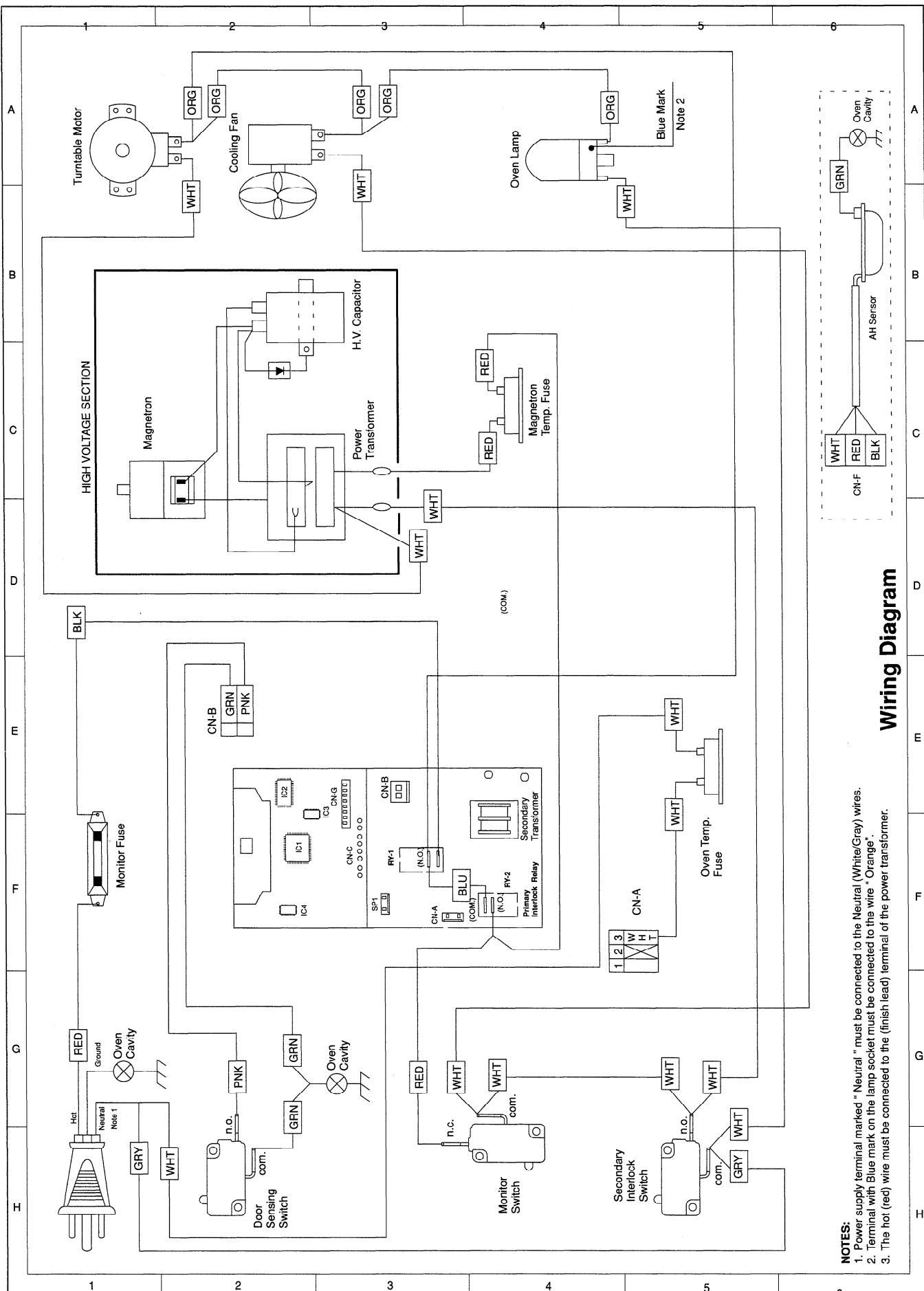
Closed-door leakage test (microwave measurement).

1. Grasp the probe of the survey instrument and hold it perpendicular to the gap between the door and the body of the oven.
2. Move the probe slowly, not faster than 1in./sec (2.5cm/sec.) along the gap, watching for the maximum indication of the meter.
3. Check for leakage at the door screen, sheet metal seams and other accessible positions where the continuity of the metal has been breached (eg., around switches, indicator and vents).  
While testing for leakage around the door pull the door away from the front of the oven as far as is permitted by the closed latch assembly.
4. Measure carefully at the point of the highest leakage and make sure that the highest leakage is no greater than  $4\text{ mW/cm}^2$  to allow for measurement uncertainty, and that the secondary interlock switch does turn the oven OFF before any door movement.

**Note:** After servicing, record data on service invoice and microwave leakage report.



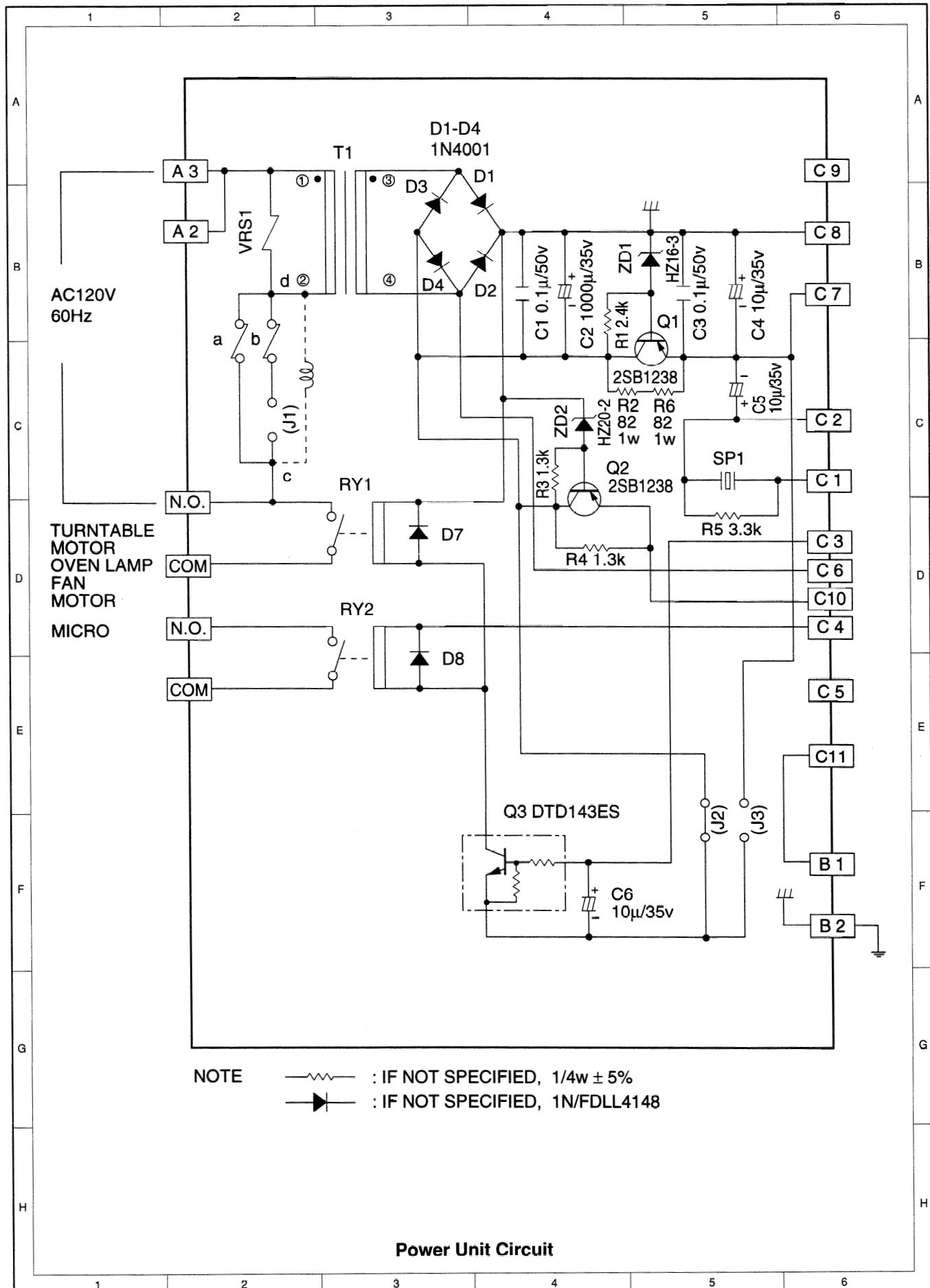
## Schematic Diagram

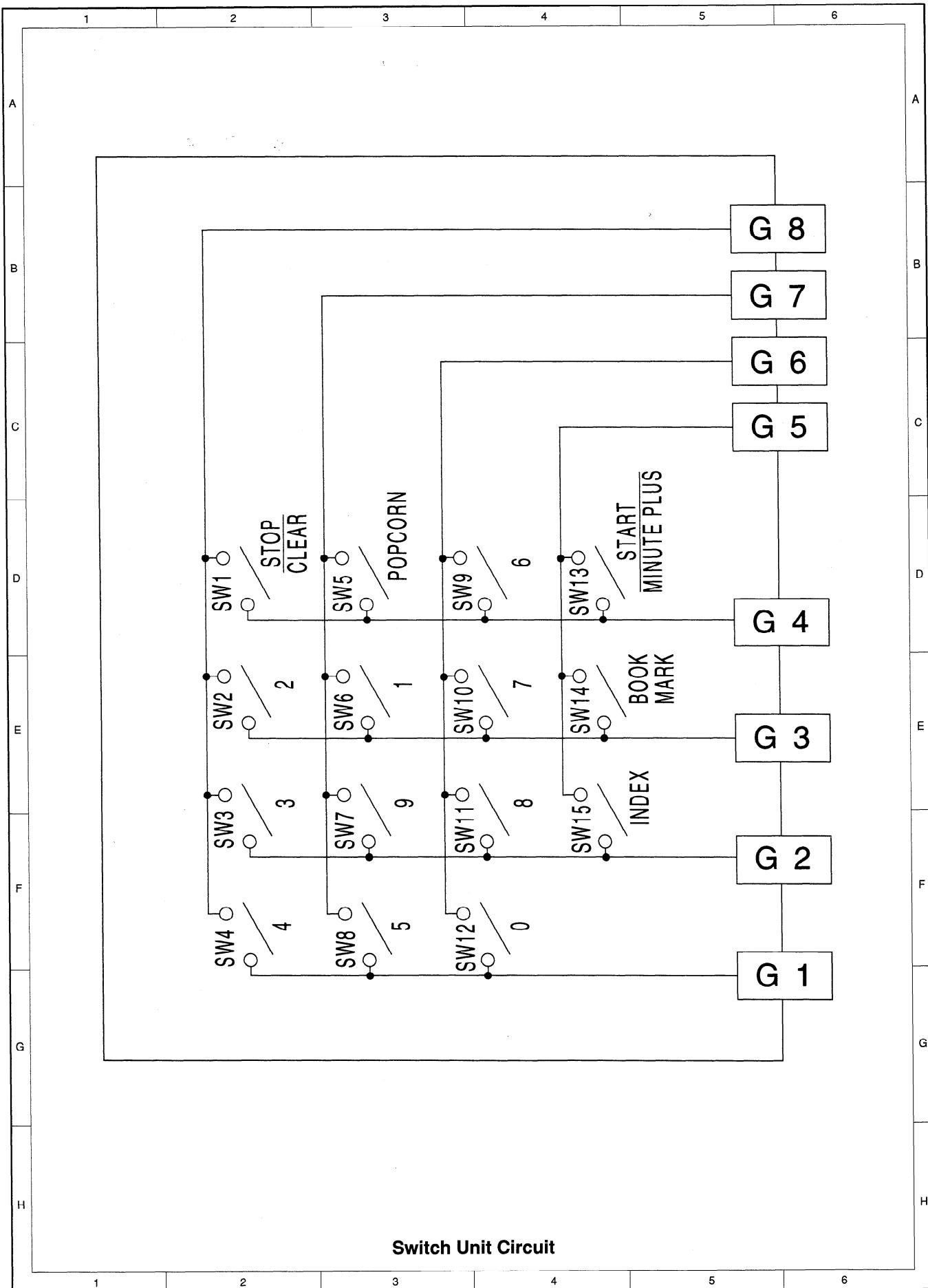


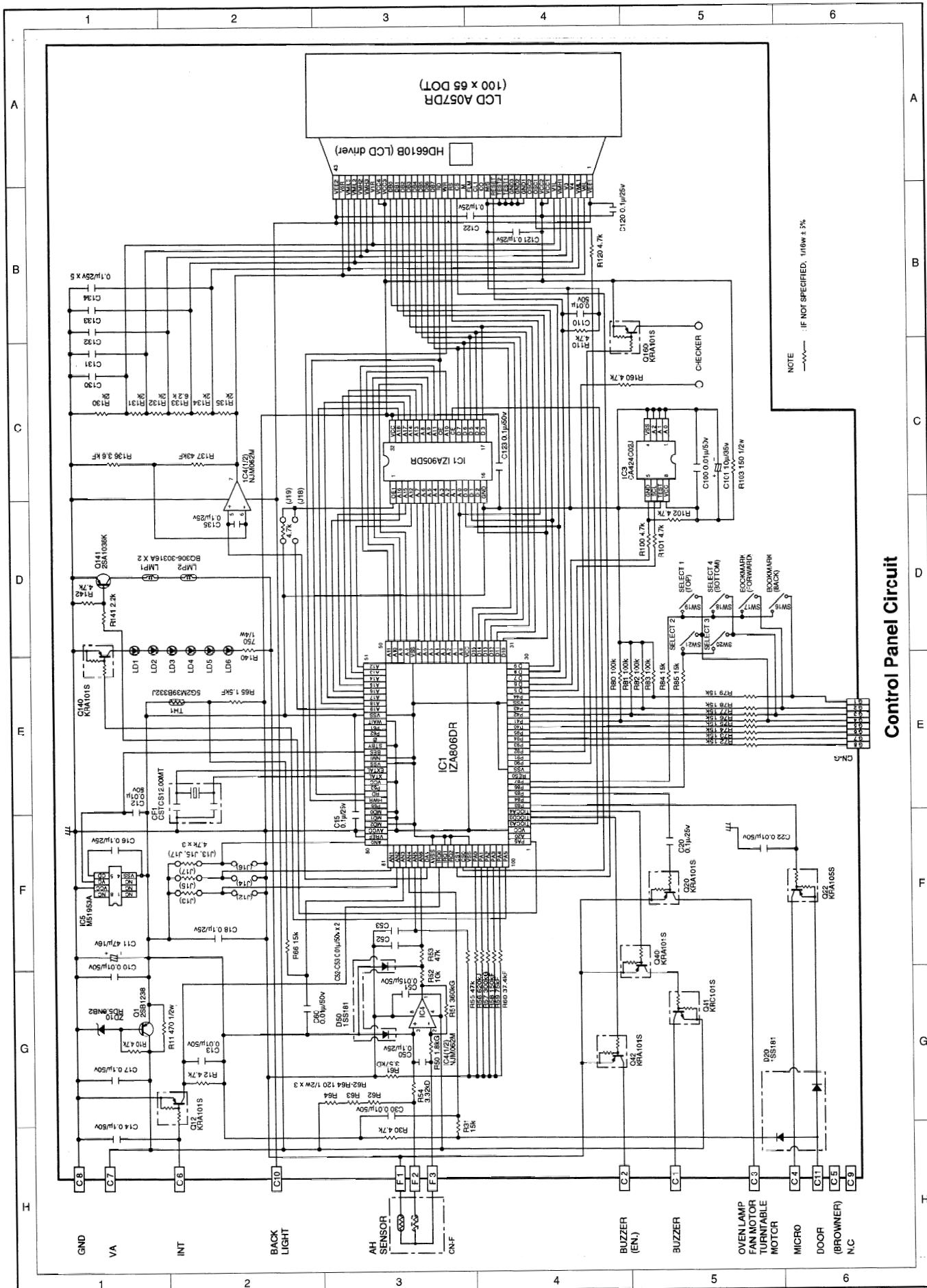
## Wiring Diagram

**NOTES:**

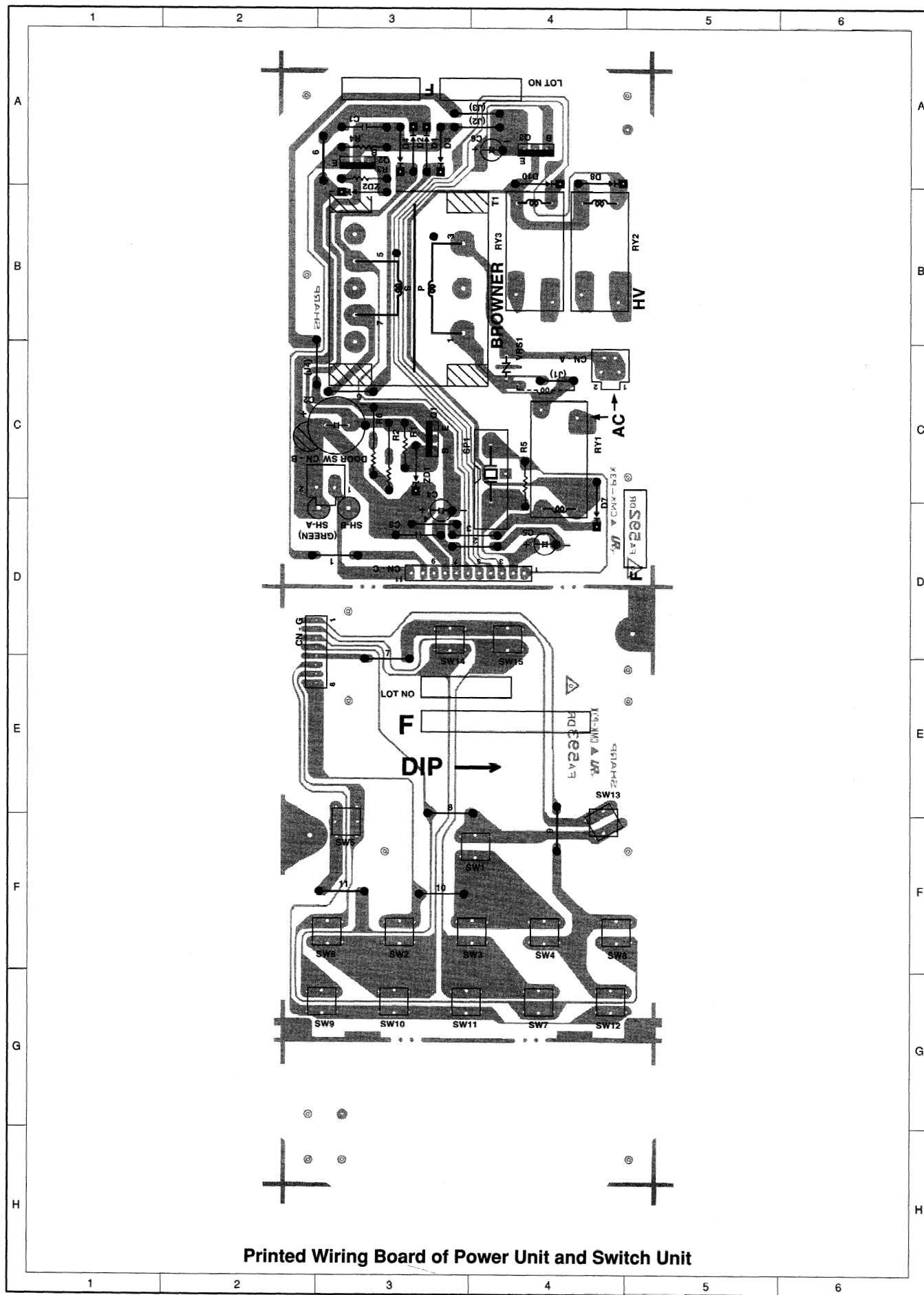
1. Power supply terminal marked "Neutral" must be connected to the Neutral (White/Gray) wires.
2. Terminal with Blue mark on the lamp socket must be connected to the wire "Orange".
3. The hot (red) wire must be connected to the (finish lead) terminal of the power transformer.





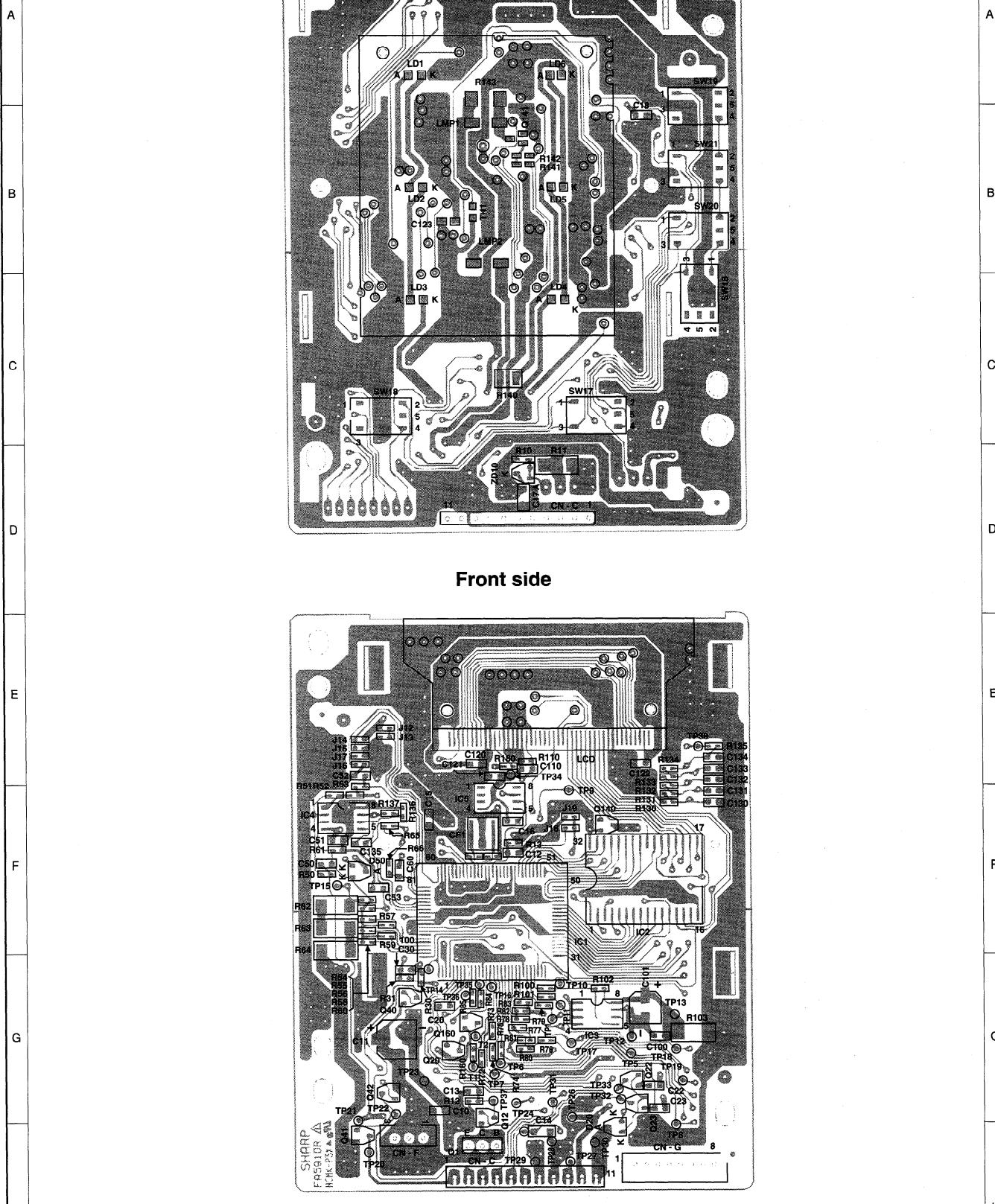


Control Panel Circuit



Printed Wiring Board of Power Unit and Switch Unit

1 2 3 4 5 6



## PARTS LIST

Contact your nearest **SHARP** Parts Distributor to order.  
 For location of **SHARP** Parts Distributor, Please call Toll-Free;  
 1-800-BE-SHARP

| Ref No. | Part No. | § | Description | Qty | Code |
|---------|----------|---|-------------|-----|------|
|---------|----------|---|-------------|-----|------|

## Electrical

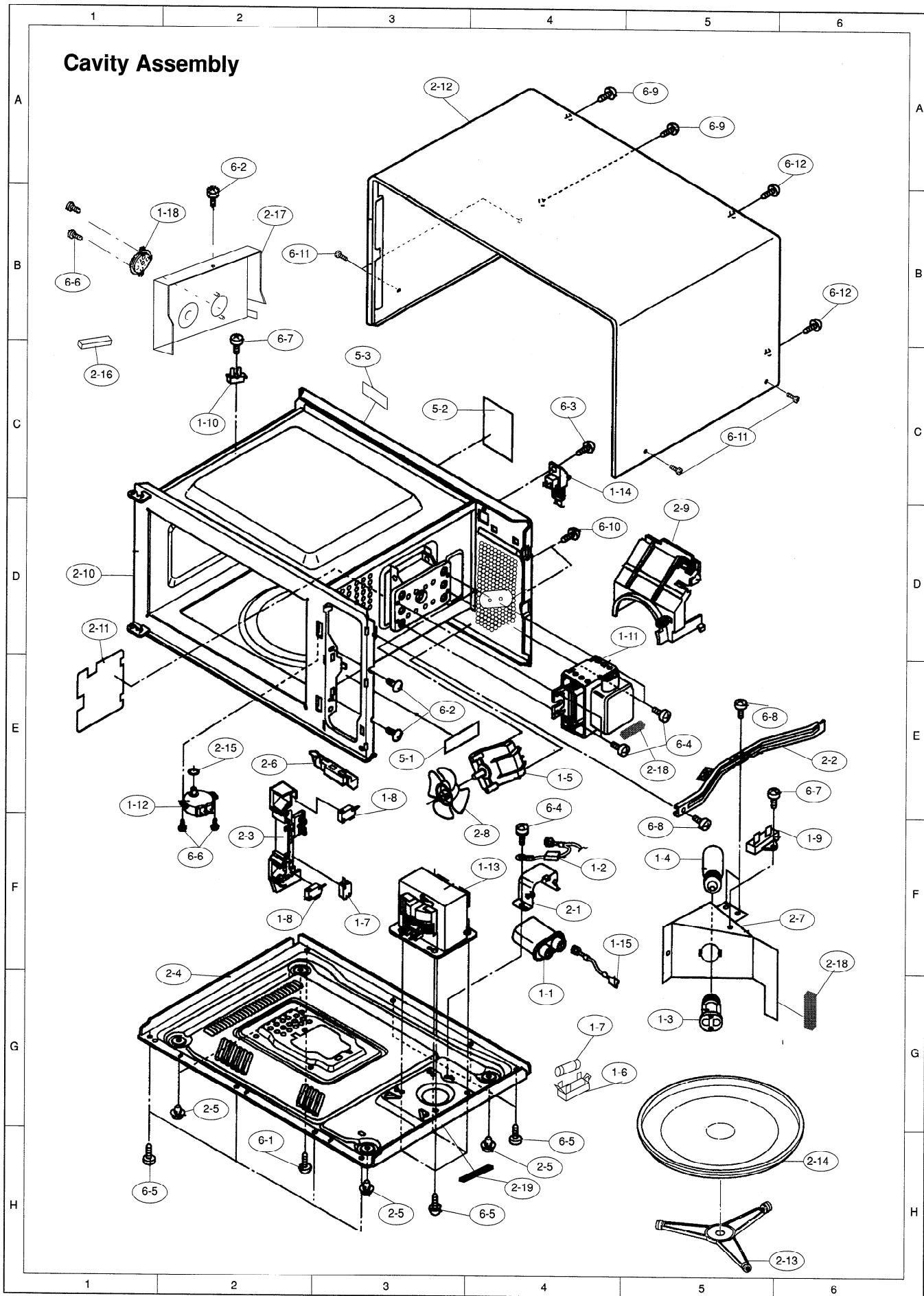
|     |      |               |   |  |   |    |
|-----|------|---------------|---|--|---|----|
| *   | 1- 1 | RC-QZB018MRE0 | M | H.V. Capacitor   | 1 | AQ |
| *   | 1- 2 | FH-DZB008MRY0 | M | H.V. Diode assembly                                      | 1 | AM |
|     | 1- 3 | QSOCLB006MRE0 | M | Oven lamp socket   | 1 | AE |
|     | 1- 4 | RLMPTA068WRE0 | M | Oven lamp  | 1 | AE |
|     | 1- 5 | RMOTEA346WRE0 | M | Fan motor  | 1 | AR |
| Δ   | 1- 6 | QFSHDB003MRE0 | M | Fuse block   | 1 | AD |
|     | 1- 7 | FFS-BA016/KIT | M | Monitor switch (V-16G-2C25) & Fuse assembly (20A-250VAC) | 1 | AF |
|     | 1- 8 | QSW-MA110WRE0 | M | Sec. interlock & Door sensing switch (V-16G-3C25)        | 2 | AE |
|     | 1- 9 | QFS-TB001MRE0 | M | Magnetron Temperature fuse (121°C)                       | 1 | AF |
|     | 1-10 | QFS-TB005MRE0 | M | Cavity Temperature fuse (152°C)                          | 1 | AF |
| * Δ | 1-11 | RV-MZA255WRE0 | M | Magnetron  | 1 | BE |
|     | 1-12 | RMOTDA186/KIT | M | T.T. Motor   | 1 | AP |
| *   | 1-13 | RTRN-B059MRE0 | M | Power transformer  | 1 | BF |
| *   | 1-14 | FACCDB003MRE0 | M | Power cord   | 1 | AM |
| *   | 1-15 | QW-QZB016MRE0 | M | H.V. wire A (Transformer - Capacitor)                    | 1 | AC |
|     | 1-16 | FW-VZB150MRE0 | M | Main wire harness  | 1 | AU |
|     | 1-17 | FW-VZB125MRE0 | M | Stop switch harness                                      | 1 | AF |
|     | 1-18 | FDTCTA177WRK0 | M | AH sensor  | 1 | AQ |

## Oven

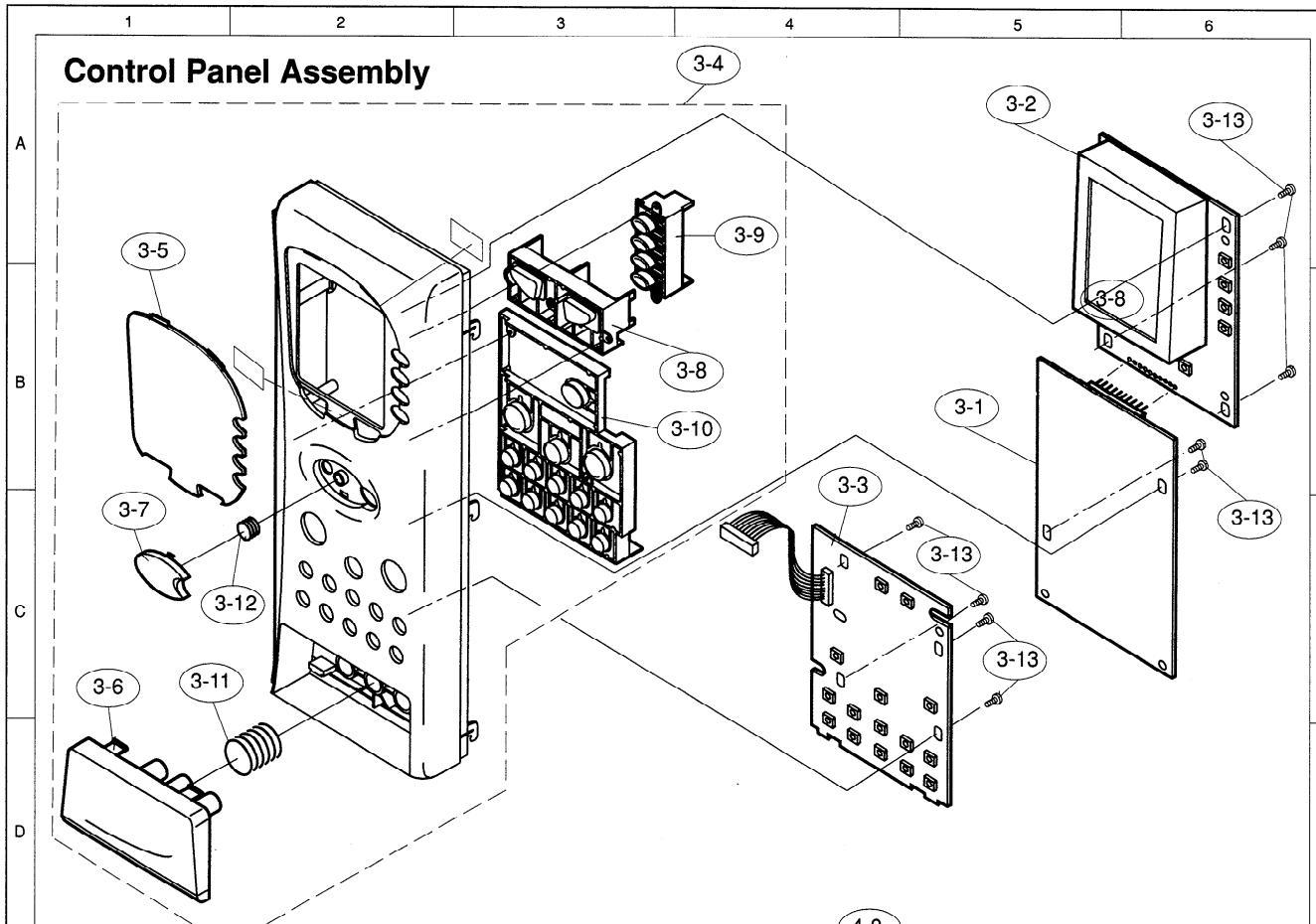
|   |      |               |   |                                      |   |    |
|---|------|---------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|----|
| Δ | 2- 1 | LBNDKB007MRP0 | M | H.V. Capacitor band                  | 1 | AB |
|   | 2- 2 | LANGTB035MRP0 | M | Chassis support                      | 1 | AE |
|   | 2- 3 | PHOK-B013MRF0 | M | Latch hook                           | 1 | AG |
|   | 2- 4 | GDAI-B051MRP0 | M | Base plate                           | 1 | AT |
|   | 2- 5 | GLEGPB003MRF0 | M | Foot                                 | 4 | AA |
| Δ | 2- 6 | MLEVPB016MRF0 | M | Latch lever                          | 1 | AD |
|   | 2- 7 | PDUC-B073MRP0 | M | Magnetron duct                       | 1 | AG |
|   | 2- 8 | NFANPB001MRE0 | M | Fan blade                            | 1 | AC |
|   | 2- 9 | PDUC-B043MRF0 | M | Fan duct                             | 1 | AD |
|   | 2-10 | -----         | - | Oven cavity (Not a replaceable part) | 1 | -  |
|   | 2-11 | PCOVPB054MRP0 | M | Waveguide cover                      | 1 | AC |
|   | 2-12 | GCABUB083MRP0 | M | Outer case cabinet (R-590BK)         | 1 | AY |
|   |      | GCABUB068MRP0 | M | Outer case cabinet (R-590BW)         | 1 | AY |
|   | 2-13 | FROLPB024MRK0 | M | T.T. Roller assembly                 | 1 | AN |
|   | 2-14 | NTNT-B001MRE0 | M | T.T. Tray                            | 1 | AT |
|   | 2-15 | PPACGB014MRF0 | M | T.T. Motor packing                   | 1 | AA |
|   | 2-16 | PCUSGB028MRP0 | M | AH sensor duct cushion               | 1 | AA |
|   | 2-17 | PDUC-B074MRP0 | M | AH sensor duct                       | 1 | AF |
|   | 2-18 | PCUSUB042MRE0 | M | Air flow cushion                     | 2 | AA |
|   | 2-19 | PCUSU0464MRE0 | M | Base plate cushion                   | 1 | AA |

| Ref No.              | Part No.       | § | Description   | Qty | Code |
|----------------------|----------------|---|---|-----|------|
| <b>Control Panel</b> |                |   |   |     |      |
| 3-1                  | DPWBFB088MRU0  | M | Power unit  | 1   | AZ   |
| 3-1A                 | QCNCMMA275DRE0 | J | 2-pin connector (CN-A) (CN-B)                       | 2   | AD   |
| 3-1B                 | QCNCMMA432DRE0 | J | 11-pin connector (CN-C)                             | 1   | AF   |
| C1                   | RC-KZA087DRE0  | J | Capacitor 0.1μF 50V                                 | 1   | AB   |
| C2                   | VCEAB31VW108M  | J | Capacitor 1000μF 35V                                | 1   | AD   |
| C3                   | RC-KZA087DRE0  | J | Capacitor 0.1μF 50V                                 | 1   | AB   |
| C4-6                 | VCEAB31VW106M  | J | Capacitor 10μF 35V                                  | 3   | AB   |
| D1-4                 | VHD11ES1///-1  | J | Diode (11ES1)                                       | 4   | AB   |
| D7-8                 | VHD1SS270A/-1  | J | Diode (1SS270A)                                     | 2   | AA   |
| Q1-Q2                | VS2SB1238///-3 | J | Transistor (2SB1238)                                | 2   | AA   |
| Q3                   | VSKRC243M///-3 | J | Transistor (KRC243M)                                | 1   | AB   |
| R1                   | VRD-B12EF242J  | J | Resistor 2.4kΩ 1/4W                                 | 1   | AA   |
| R2                   | VRS-B13AA820J  | J | Resistor 82Ω 1W                                     | 1   | AA   |
| R3-R4                | VRD-B12EF132J  | J | Resistor 1.3kΩ 1/4W                                 | 2   | AA   |
| R5                   | VRD-B12EF332J  | J | Resistor 3.3kΩ 1/4W                                 | 1   | AA   |
| R6                   | VRS-B13AA820J  | J | Resistor 82Ω 1W                                     | 1   | AA   |
| RY1-2                | RRLY-B002MRE0  | M | Relay (DU24D1-1P)                                   | 2   | AH   |
| SP1                  | RALM-A014DRE0  | J | Buzzer (PKM22EPT-THAI)                              | 1   | AG   |
| T1                   | RTRNPA113DRE0  | J | Transformer   | 1   | AT   |
| VRS1                 | RH-VZA032DRE0  | J | Varistor (104G471K)                                 | 1   | AE   |
| ZD1                  | VHEHZ163///-1  | J | Zener diode (HZ16-3)                                | 1   | AC   |
| ZD2                  | VHEHZ202///-1  | J | Zener diode (HZ20-2)                                | 1   | AB   |
| 3-2                  | DPWBFB824WRK0  | J | Display unit  | 1   | BR   |
| 3-2-1                | RH-HZA014DRE0  | J | Thermistor TH1                                      | 1   | AE   |
| 3-2-2                | RH-TZA120DRE0  | J | Transistor (KRA101S).Q12, Q20, Q40, Q42, Q140, Q160 | 6   | AE   |
| 3-2-3                | RH-TZA119DRE0  | J | Transistor (KRA101S).Q41                            | 1   | AE   |
| 3-2-4                | RH-TZA127DRE0  | J | Transistor (KRA105S).Q22                            | 1   | AE   |
| 3-2-5                | RH-DZA074DRE0  | J | Diode (1SS181). D20, D50                            | 2   | AE   |
| 3-2-6                | RH-DZA077DRE0  | J | Zener diode (RD5.6NB2). ZD10                        | 1   | AG   |
| 3-2-7                | RLMPHA046DRE0  | J | Lamp (LMP1, LMP2)                                   | 2   | AM   |
| 3-2-8                | RH-TZA130DRE0  | J | Transistor (2SA1036K).Q141                          | 1   | AH   |
| 3-2-9                | QSW-PA016DRE0  | J | Tact Switch (SW1-SW15)                              | 6   | AG   |
| 3-3                  | DPWBFB089MRU0  | M | Switch unit   | 1   | AR   |
| 3-3-1                | FW-VZA219DRE0  | J | Lead Wire harness (CN-G)                            | 1   | AK   |
| 3-3-2                | QSW-PA016DRE0  | J | Tact Switch (SW1-SW15)                              | 15  | AB   |
| 3-4                  | FPNLCB225MRK0  | M | Control panel assembly (R-590BK)                    | 1   | AX   |
|                      | FPNLCB226MRK0  | M | Control panel assembly (R-590BW)                    | 1   | AX   |
| 3-5                  | GMADIB031MRR0  | M | Display window (R-590BK)                            | 1   | AG   |
|                      | GMADIB032MRR0  | M | Display window (R-590BW)                            | 1   | AG   |
| 3-6                  | JBTN-B064MRF0  | M | Open button (R-590BK)                               | 1   | AF   |
| 3-6                  | JBTN-B069MRF0  | M | Open button (R-590BW)                               | 1   | AF   |
| 3-7                  | JBTN-B076MRF0  | M | Book Mark button (R-590BK)                          | 1   | AE   |
|                      | JBTN-B077MRF0  | M | Book Mark button (R-590BW)                          | 1   | AE   |
| 3-8                  | JBTN-B078MRF0  | M | Page button (R-590BK)                               | 1   | AE   |
|                      | JBTN-B079MRF0  | M | Page button (R-590BW)                               | 1   | AE   |
| 3-9                  | JBTN-B080MRF0  | M | Select button (R-590BK)                             | 1   | AE   |
|                      | JBTN-B081MRF0  | M | Select button (R-590BW)                             | 1   | AE   |
| 3-10                 | JBTN-B082MRF0  | M | Start button (R-590BK)                              | 1   | AE   |
|                      | JBTN-B083MRF0  | M | Start button (R-590BW)                              | 1   | AE   |
| 3-11                 | MSPRTA050WRE0  | M | Open button spring                                  | 1   | AE   |
| 3-12                 | MSPRTB013MRE0  | M | Book Mark button spring                             | 1   | AE   |
| 3-13                 | XEPSD30P10XS0  | M | Screw; Control unit mtg.                            | 9   | AA   |

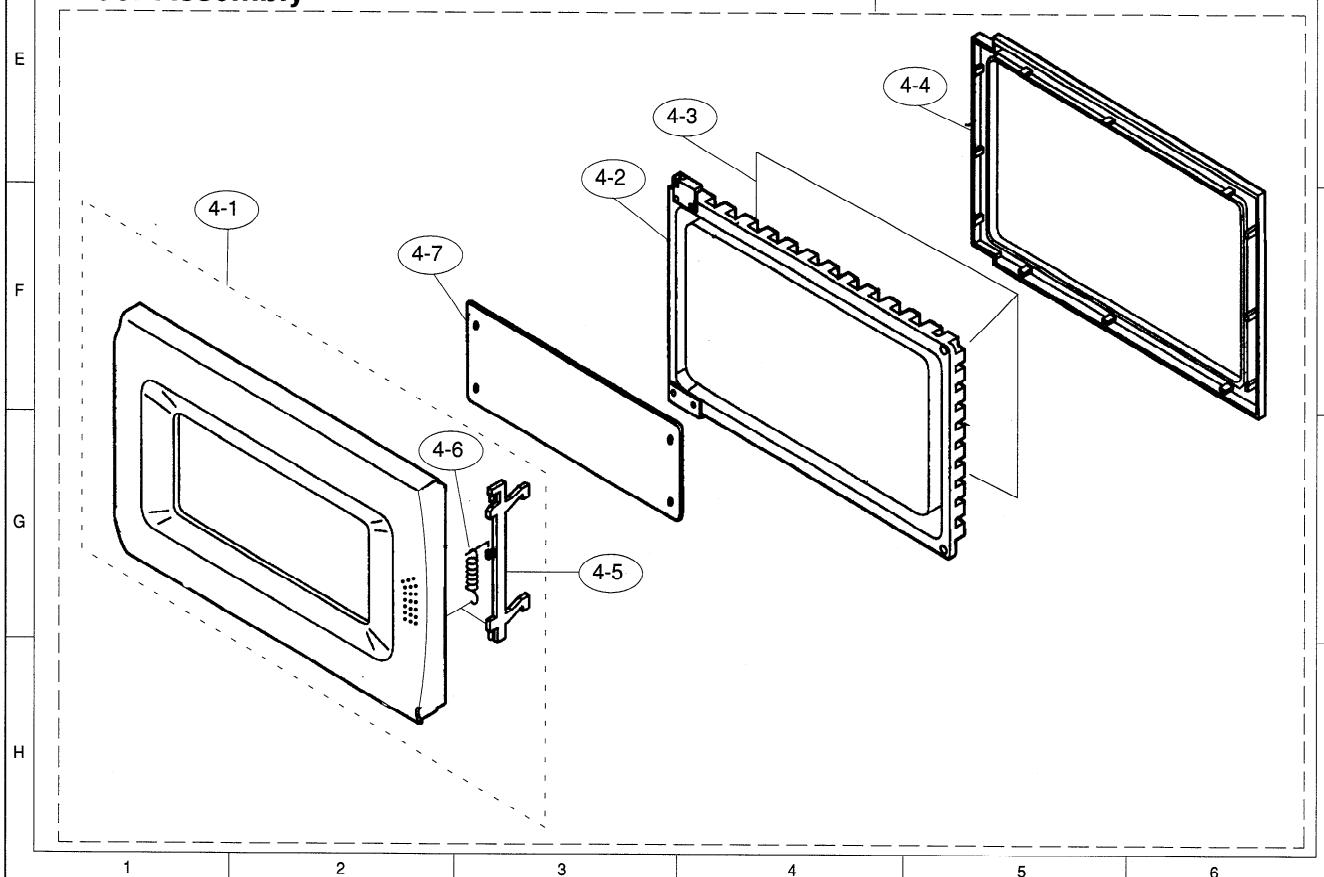
| Ref No.              | Part No.      | § | Description  | Qty | Code |
|----------------------|---------------|---|--|-----|------|
| <b>Door</b>          |               |   |  |     |      |
| Δ 4- 0               | CDORFB211MRK0 | M | Door assembly (R-590BK)                                      | 1   | BE   |
| 4- 0                 | CDORFB212MRK0 | M | Door assembly (R-590BW)                                      | 1   | BE   |
| 4- 1                 | FCOV-B133MRK0 | M | Door screen assembly (R-590BK)                               | 1   | AS   |
| 4- 1                 | FCOV-B134MRK0 | M | Door screen assembly (R-590BW)                               | 1   | AT   |
| Δ 4- 2               | FDORFB049MRT0 | M | Door panel   | 1   | AX   |
| Δ 4- 3               | PSHEPB016MRE0 | M | Sealer film  | 1   | AD   |
| 4- 4                 | GCOVHB028MRF0 | M | Choke cover  | 1   | AG   |
| Δ 4- 5               | LSTPPB021MRF0 | M | Latch head   | 1   | AE   |
| 4- 6                 | MSPTA046WRE0  | M | Latch spring   | 1   | AB   |
| 4- 7                 | HPNL-B080MRE0 | M | Door Screen (R-590BK)  | 1   | AH   |
| 4- 7                 | HPNL-B081MRE0 | M | Door Screen (R-590BW)  | 1   | AK   |
| <b>Miscellaneous</b> |               |   |  |     |      |
| 5- 1                 | TCAUAB015MRR0 | M | Monitor caution label  | 1   | AA   |
| 5- 2                 | TCAUAB027MRR0 | M | DHHS caution label   | 1   | AB   |
| 5- 3                 | TCAUAB033MRR0 | M | UL SCREW label   | 1   | AA   |
| 5- 4                 | TINSEB194MRR0 | M | Operation manual   | 1   | AF   |
| <b>Fasteners</b>     |               |   |  |     |      |
| 6- 1                 | LX-BZA041WRE0 | M | Screw; Base plate mtg.                                       | 2   | AA   |
| 6- 2                 | LX-CZ0052WRE0 | M | Screw; Latch hook & AH sensor duct                           | 3   | AA   |
| 6- 3                 | XHTSD40P12RV0 | M | Screw; Power cord mtg.                                       | 1   | AA   |
| 6- 4                 | LX-BZ0081YBE0 | M | Screw; H.V. Capacitor mtg. & Magnetron mtg.                  | 5   | AA   |
| 6- 5                 | XOTSD40P12000 | M | Screw; Power transformer mtg., Chassis support & Base plate. | 11  | AA   |
| 6- 6                 | XCPSD30P08000 | M | Screw; T.T. Motor mtg. & AH sensor.                          | 4   | AA   |
| 6- 7                 | XCBSD30P08000 | M | Screw; Temperature fuse mtg.                                 | 2   | AA   |
| 6- 8                 | XHTSD40P08000 | M | Screw; Magnetron duct mtg.                                   | 2   | AA   |
| 6- 9                 | LX-CZA038WRE0 | M | Screw; O.C. Cabinet grnd.                                    | 2   | AA   |
| 6-10                 | XHTSD40P08RV0 | M | Screw; Fan motor mtg.  | 2   | AA   |
| 6-11                 | XOTSF40P12000 | M | Screw; O.C. Cabinet (R-530BK)                                | 4   | AA   |
| 6-11                 | XOTSE40P12000 | M | Screw; O.C. Cabinet (R-530BW)                                | 4   | AA   |
| 6-12                 | LX-CZB011MRE0 | M | Screw; UL O.C. Cabinet                                       | 2   | AA   |



### Control Panel Assembly



### Door Assembly



1

2

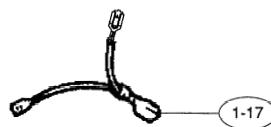
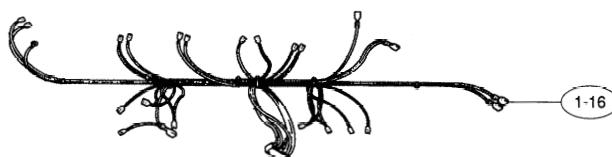
3

4

5

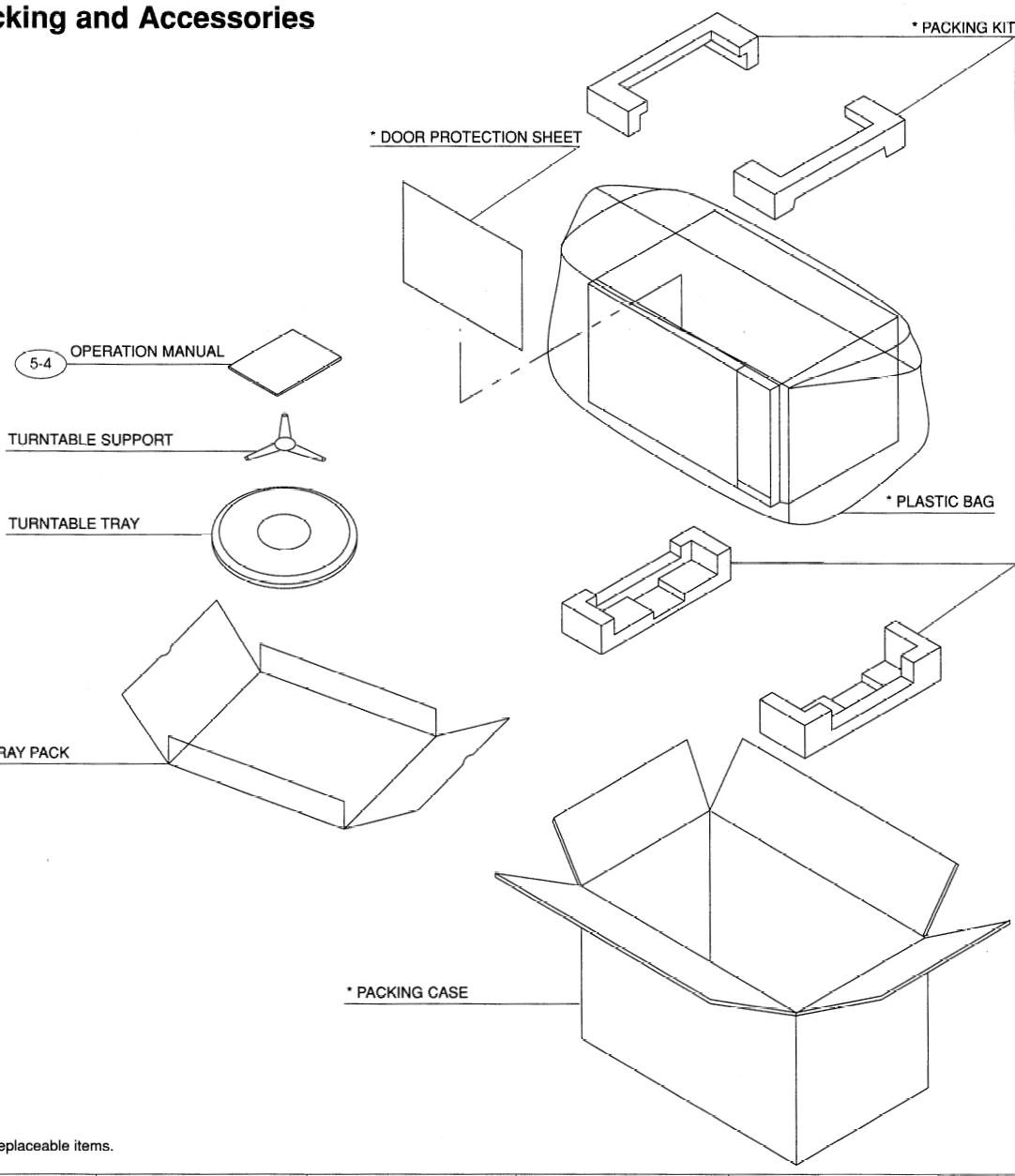
6

## Wire Harnesses



\* Actual harnesses may be different than illustrations.

## Packing and Accessories



\* Non-replaceable items.

1

2

3

4

5

6

R-590BK  
R-590BW

**SHARP**<sup>®</sup>